

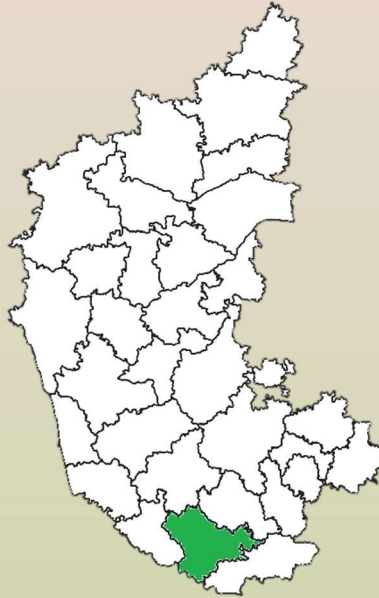
Prof. D. M. Nanjundappa Committee Report and After

Taluk Report Cards

Of

Mysore District

Study Completed Under
Dr. D. M. Nanjundappa Chair



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Acknowledgement

Centre for Multi-disciplinary Development Research (CMDR) Dharwad places on record its sincere thanks to Government of Karnataka, for establishing a Chair in the name of an eminent economist like Dr. D M Nanjundappa. The Chair has the mandate to carry forward views, ideas and philosophy of Dr. D M Nanjundappa as far as issues of regional development are concerned. The Chair has already come out with various studies in the past couple of years and it has also actively organized various outreach programmes to sensitize policy makers, administrators, media and public at large.

We sincerely pledge on this occasion to dedicate ourselves to examine and bring out research outputs, policy briefs and other academic material to strengthen the efforts of reducing regional imbalances in the state.

About the Taluk Report Cards

The publication of the report of "High Power Committee for Redressal of Regional Imbalances" popularly known as Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report has generated a good deal of debate on understanding regional imbalances as well as making efforts in correcting such imbalances in the state of Karnataka. The Committee in its voluminous report tried to figure out the development status of taluks in Karnataka state. Using an array of indicators the Committee developed a **Comprehensive Composite Development Index (CCDI)** and **Cumulative Deprivation Index (CDI)** for each taluk and compared the value of CCDI of each taluk against that of the state to arrive at the comparative position of different taluks for the year 2000. The CCDI of Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee in the present day context can be used as a *bench mark* to examine what has happened among the taluks as far as similar index is concerned. In this background CMDR attempted construction of similar index using similar methodology and database for the period 2009-10.

After the report was submitted various governments in the state made efforts in correcting the regional imbalances as per the recommendations of Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee. In the recent past, under the banner of Special Development Plan (SDP), the Government of Karnataka has been providing resources in tune with the recommendations of the Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee across the state with an intention to reduce regional imbalances.

The present report cards as developed by CMDR make a modest attempt to present the comparative development scenario of taluks in each district. The comparison is made between *Dr. D M Nanjundappa Index* and the *Index as developed by CMDR*. The Report Cards contain at the outset the comparative positions of CCDI for two periods of time followed by the resource position.

The report cards basically address the policy makers and administrators for whom user friendly graphical presentations followed by cryptic notes are presented. Such report cards would come out for each district and presented as per the administrative divisions in the state.

We hope and trust that these report cards would be useful in taking further the issue of reducing regional imbalances in the state at large.

About Indicators and Methodology

Using 35 indicators - covering sectors viz., Agricultural and allied (9); Industrial Trade and Finance (5); Economic Infrastructure (9); Social Infrastructure (7); and Population Characteristics (5); Sector wise index for each of the 175 taluks by using a methodology which assigns a precise weight to each of these indicators. These 5 sectoral indices are then aggregated into a CCDI by using the shares of these 5 sectors (suitably adjusted by giving a 10 percent additional weightage to social infrastructure) in the SDP of Karnataka.

Considering that an index of '1' indicates the state average, the Committee was able to identify 114 taluks whose CCDI values were less than '1' as "Backward Taluks". The Committee further sub- divided these into:

- (i) Relatively developed taluks $CCDI > 1$.
- (ii) Backward taluks: $0.88 < CCDI < 1$;
- (iii) More backward taluks: $0.79 < CCDI < 0.89$;
- (iv) Most backward taluks $0.52 < CCDI < 0.80$;

(HPCFRRI, 2002, pp 906)

CMDR has followed the same methodology as stated above for arriving at CCDI values for the same set of indicators using the 2009-10 data.

1. Agricultural and Allied
A1: Percentage of total cropped area to net area sown,
A2: Percentage of area under food grains to total cropped area,
A3: Percentage of area under horticultural crops to total cropped area
A4: Percentage of area under commercial crops to total cropped area
A5: Percentage of net area irrigated to net area a sown
A6: Fertilizer (NPK) consumption in kilograms per hectare (total cropped area)
A7: Number of tractors per lakh rural population
A8: Livestock units per lakh rural population
A9: per capita bank credit (commercial and regional rural banks) to agriculture (in rupees)
2. Industry, Trade and Finance
I1: Number of industrial units per lakh population,
I2: Percentage of industrial workers to total workers,
I3: Per capita development credit by banks,
I4: Number of bank branches per lakh population,
I5: Number of enterprises engaged in trade, hotels and transport per lakh population
3. Infrastructure (Economic)
E1: Number of post offices per lakh population
E2: Number of telephones per lakh population
E3: Road length in kilometers per 100 square kilometres
E4: Proportion of villages having access to all weather roads(in percentage)
E5: Railway track in kilometers per 1000 square kilometres
E6: Number of motor vehicles per lakh population
E7: Number of co-operative credit societies (agri. & non-agriculture) per lakh population
E8: Proportion of electrified villages and hamlets to total villages and hamlets
E9: Number of regulated markets and sub-markets (equivalent regulated markets) per lakh population
4. Infrastructure (Social)
S1: Number of doctors (govt. & private) per 10,000 population
S2: Number of government hospital beds per 10,000 population
S3: Literacy rate (in percentage)
S4: Pupil-teacher ratio (1st to 10th standard)
S5: Percentage of children out of school in the age group 6 - 14 years
S6: Number of students enrolled in government and aided first grade degree colleges per lakh population
S7: Percentage of habitations having drinking water facility of 40 or more LPCD
5. Population Characteristics
P1: Sex ratio
P2: Percentage of urban population to total population
P3: Percentage of SC & and ST population to total population
P4: Percentage of non-agricultural workers to total workers
P5: Percentage of agricultural labourers to total workers

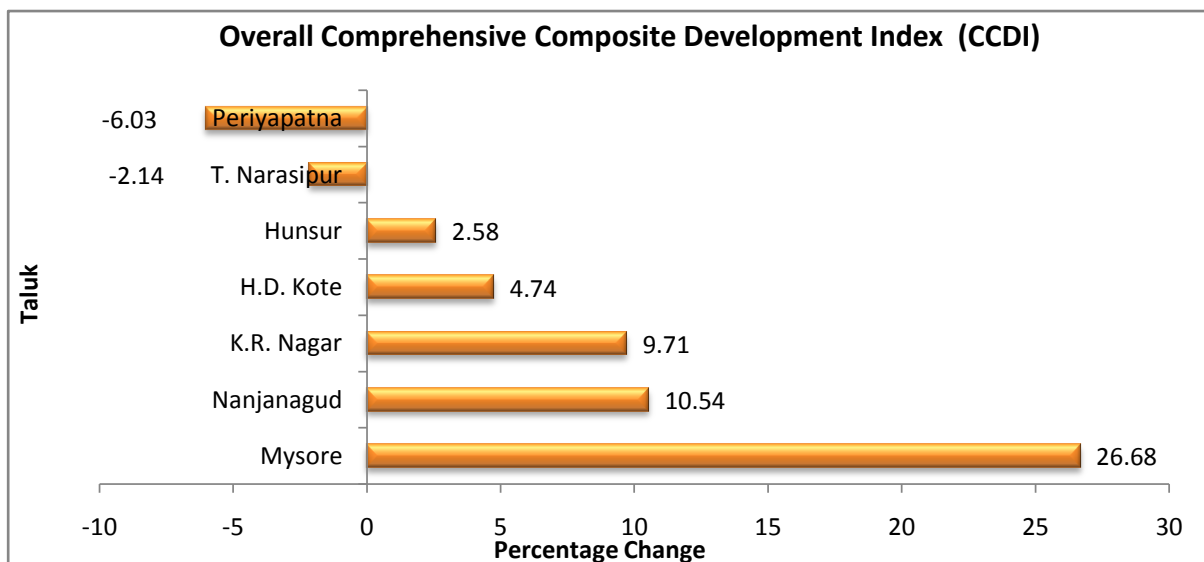
OVERALL DISTRICT SCENARIO

Taluk	Comprehensive composite Development Index (CCDI)			Status of Taluks as per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report (1999-00)	Status of Taluks as per 2009-10 Index
	1999-00	2009-10	% Change		
Mysore	1.58	2.00	26.68	Relatively Developed (6)	Relatively Developed (3)
Nanjanagud	0.87	0.96	10.54	More Backward (105)	Backward (90)
K.R. Nagar	0.92	1.01	9.71	Backward (83)	Relatively Developed (74)
H.D. Kote	0.72	0.75	4.74	Most Backward (156)	Most Backward (153)
Hunsur	0.88	0.90	2.58	More Backward (101)	Backward (107)
T. Narasipur	0.87	0.86	-2.14	More Backward (103)	More Backward (129)
Periyapatna	0.97	0.91	-6.03	Backward (70)	Backward (104)

Note: Figures in brackets indicate ranking of taluks in comparison to the state CCDI

Overall District Scenario:

- As per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report only one out of 7 taluk (Mysore) was in the developed category, while for the 2009-10 index. There were two taluks (Mysore and K R Nagar) in the developed category among seven taluks.
- Periyapatan (-6%), T-Narasipura are the taluks whose growth in over all CCDI is negative from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- Nanjangudu and Hunsur taluks have moved forward from more backward category to backward category.
- K R Nagar improved its category from backward to developed.
- Among the taluks Mysore has shown the highest improvement from 1999-00 to 2009-10. It has improved its rank from 6th to 3rd.



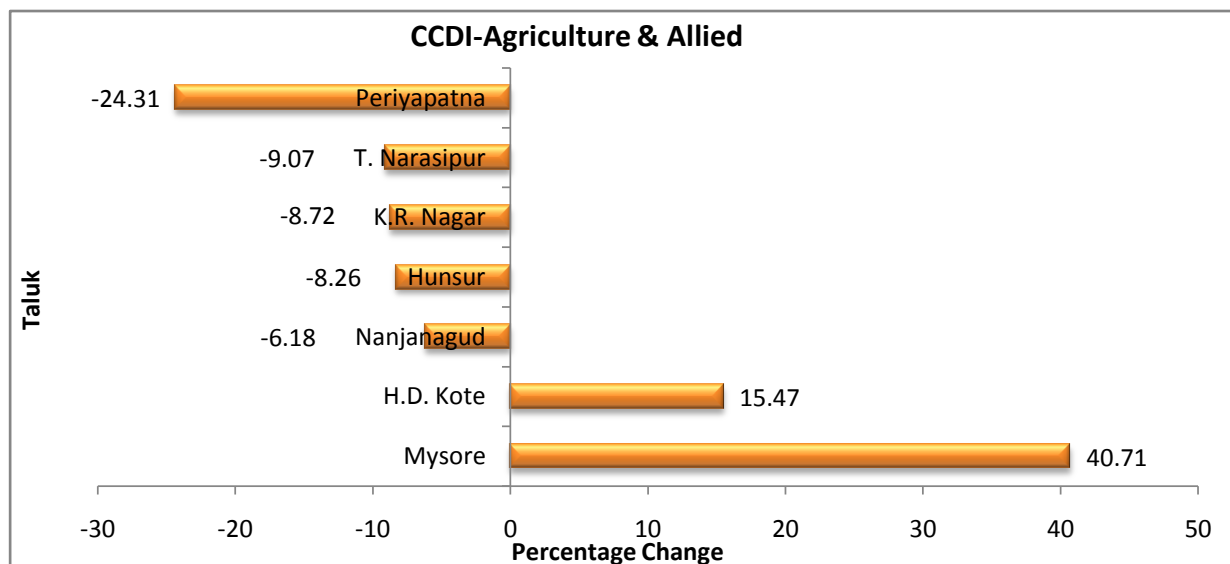
CCDI-AGRICULTURE AND ALLIED

Taluk	CCDI-AGRICULTURE AND ALLIED			Status of Taluks as per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report (1999-00)	Status of Taluks as per 2009-10 Index
	1999-00	2009-10	% Change		
Mysore	0.93	1.32	40.71	More Backward (102)	Relatively Developed (39)
H.D. Kote	0.66	0.76	15.47	Most Backward (163)	Most Backward (150)
Nanjanagud	0.78	0.73	-6.18	Most Backward (140)	Most Backward (157)
Hunsur	0.88	0.81	-8.26	More Backward (115)	More Backward (138)
K.R. Nagar	0.96	0.87	-8.72	More Backward (99)	More Backward (125)
T. Narasipur	0.90	0.82	-9.07	More Backward (112)	More Backward (135)
Periyapatna	1.28	0.97	-24.31	Relatively Developed (44)	Backward (105)

Note: Figures in brackets indicate ranking of taluks in comparison to the state CCDI

Agriculture and Allied:

- As per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report only one taluk was in the developed category and 2009-10 index found two taluks as developed in agriculture and allied index.
- Mysore and H D Kote have shown positive growth from 1999-00 to 2009-10.
- Mysore moved forward from more backward category to developed category and Periyapatan moved backward from developed to backward category.



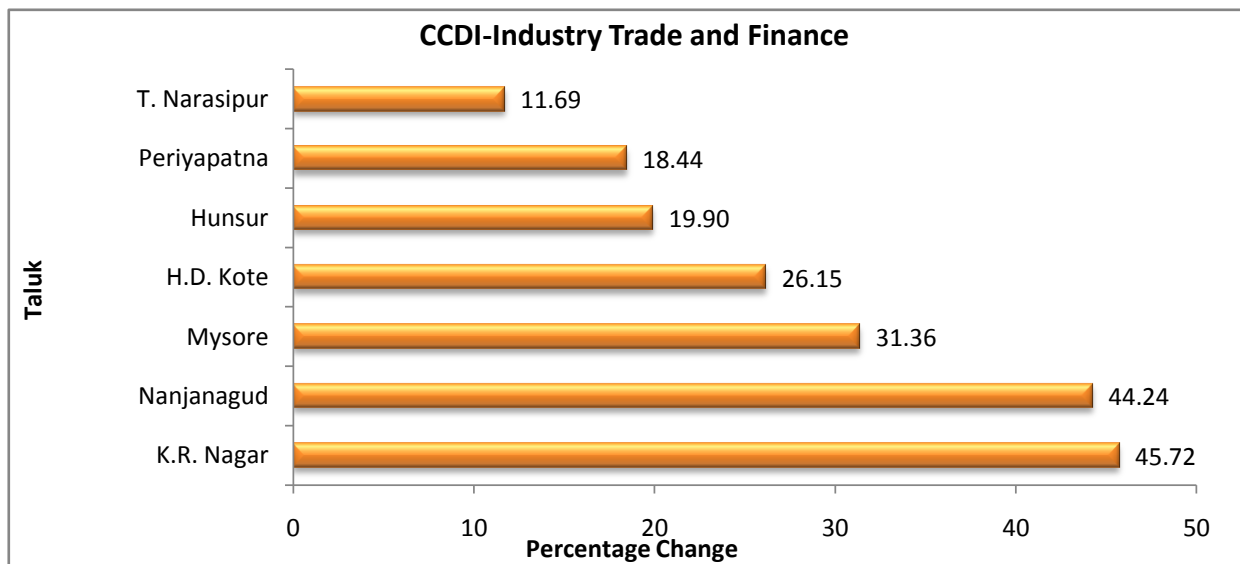
CCDI-INDUSTRY, TRADE AND FINANCE

Taluk	CCDI-INDUSTRY, TRADE AND FINANCE			Status of Taluks as per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report (1999-00)	Status of Taluks as per 2009-10 Index
	1999-00	2009-10	% Change		
K.R. Nagar	0.66	0.97	45.72	Most Backward (136)	Backward (68)
Nanjanagud	0.84	1.21	44.24	More Backward (68)	Relatively Developed (37)
Mysore	1.94	2.55	31.36	Relatively Developed (5)	Relatively Developed (4)
H.D. Kote	0.59	0.74	26.15	Most Backward (149)	Most Backward (105)
Hunsur	0.76	0.91	19.90	Most Backward (99)	Backward (77)
Periyapatna	0.77	0.91	18.44	Most Backward (94)	Backward (76)
T. Narasipur	0.76	0.85	11.69	Most Backward (101)	More Backward (82)

Note: Figures in brackets indicate ranking of taluks in comparison to the state CCDI

Industry, Trade and Finance:

- Except Mysore, no taluks were found in the developed category in Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report.
- 2009-10 index found Nanjangudu along with Mysore in the developed category.
- All taluks have shown a positive improvement from 1999-00 index to 209-10 index.
- T-Narasipura improved from most backward category to more backward category.
- K R Nagar, Hunsur, Periyapatan improved their category from most backward to backward.
- Totally industry, trade and finance sector improved in the district over a decade.



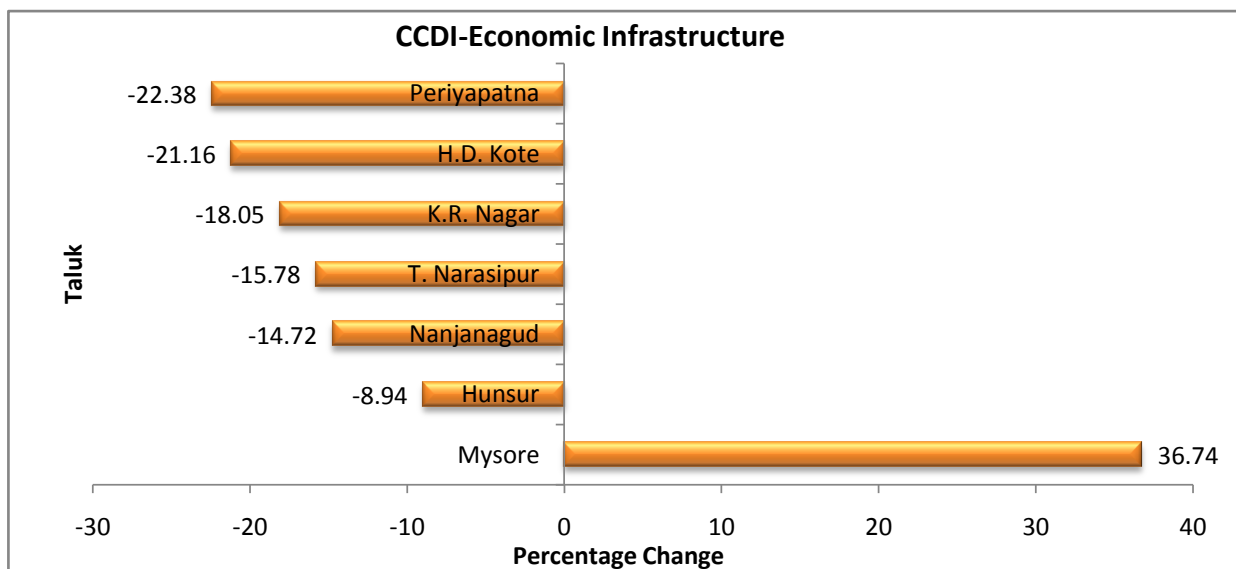
CCDI-INFRASTRUCTURE (ECONOMIC)

Taluk	CCDI-INFRASTRUCTURE (ECONOMIC)			Status of Taluks as per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report (1999-00)	Status of Taluks as per 2009-10 Index
	1999-00	2009-10	% Change		
Mysore	1.52	2.08	36.74	Relatively Developed (13)	Relatively Developed (1)
Hunsur	0.89	0.81	-8.94	Backward (121)	More Backward (140)
Nanjanagud	0.95	0.81	-14.72	Backward (104)	More Backward (141)
T. Narasipur	0.92	0.77	-15.78	Backward (112)	Most Backward (149)
K.R. Nagar	1.36	1.11	-18.05	Relatively Developed (24)	Relatively Developed (66)
H.D. Kote	0.76	0.60	-21.16	Most Backward (152)	Most Backward (174)
Periyapatna	0.93	0.72	-22.38	Backward (110)	Most Backward (162)

Note: Figures in brackets indicate ranking of taluks in comparison to the state CCDI

Economic Infrastructure:

- As per Dr D M Nanjundappa Committee Report Mysore and K R Nagar were in the developed category which continued in the latest index also.
- Except Mysore all taluks have experienced a negative trend from 1999-00 to 2009-10.
- Negative trend various with higher found Periyapatna (-22%) and lowest in Hunsur (9%).
- Hunsur and Periyapatna moved backward from backward to more backward category.



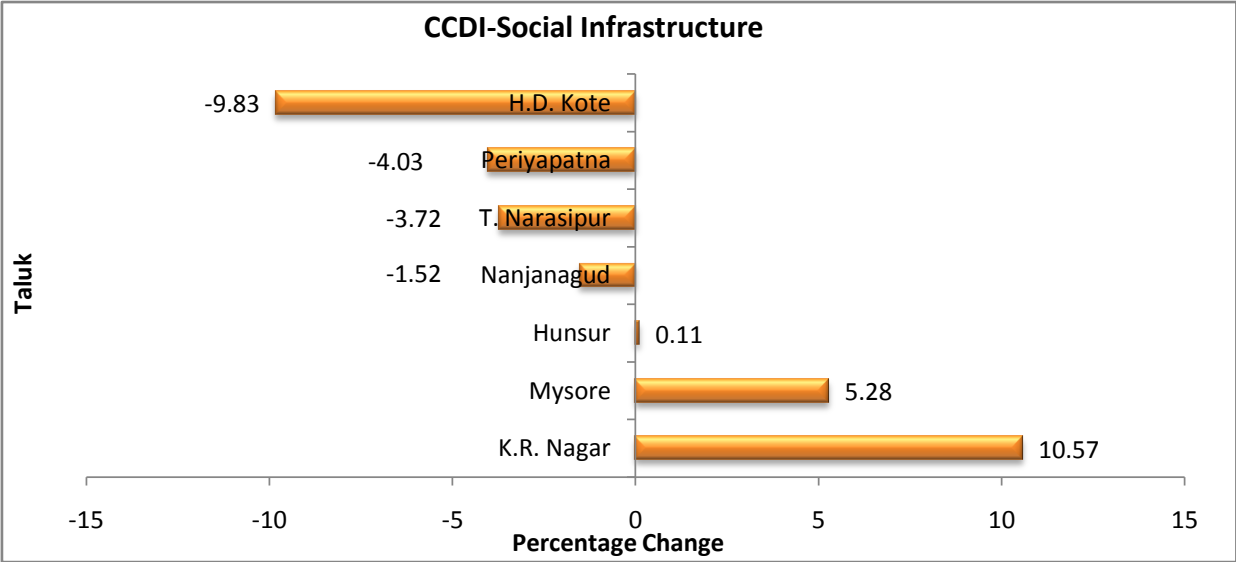
CCDI-INFRASTRUCTURE (SOCIAL)

Taluk	CCDI-INFRASTRUCTURE (SOCIAL)			Status of Taluks as per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report (1999-00)	Status of Taluks as per 2009-10 Index
	1999-00	2009-10	% Change		
K.R. Nagar	1.08	1.19	10.57	Relatively Developed (46)	Relatively Developed (41)
Mysore	1.82	1.91	5.28	Relatively Developed (2)	Relatively Developed (5)
Hunsur	1.02	1.02	0.11	Relatively Developed (58)	Relatively Developed (76)
Nanjanagud	0.98	0.97	-1.52	Backward (63)	Backward (94)
T. Narasipur	0.99	0.95	-3.72	Backward (61)	Backward (99)
Periyapatna	0.98	0.94	-4.03	Backward (64)	Backward (104)
H.D. Kote	0.91	0.82	-9.83	Backward (85)	More Backward (140)

Note: Figures in brackets indicate ranking of taluks in comparison to the state CCDI

Social Infrastructure:

- K R Nagar, Mysore and Hunsur were found in the developed category in both Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report and in index 2009-10.
- Except these three taluks, all taluks are not only in the underdeveloped category but have also shown negative growth rate from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- H D Kote is the only taluk which has changed its position from backward to more backward category in the reference period.



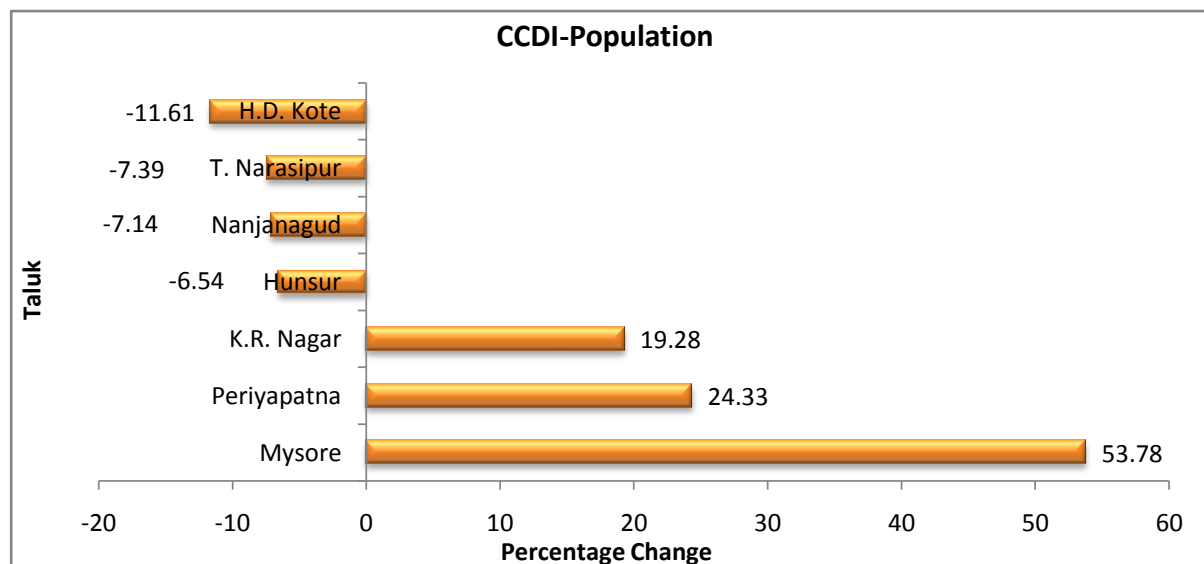
CCDI-POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Taluk	CCDI-POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS			Status of Taluks as per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report (1999-00)	Status of Taluks as per 2009-10 Index
	1999-00	2009-10	% Change		
Mysore	1.21	1.87	53.78	Relatively Developed (6)	Relatively Developed (9)
Periyapatna	0.70	0.87	24.33	Most Backward (171)	More Backward (131)
K.R. Nagar	0.74	0.89	19.28	Most Backward (165)	Backward (113)
Hunsur	0.88	0.83	-6.54	More Backward (113)	More Backward (153)
Nanjanagud	0.88	0.82	-7.14	More Backward (112)	More Backward (154)
T. Narasipur	0.91	0.84	-7.39	Backward (102)	More Backward (143)
H.D. Kote	0.87	0.77	-11.61	More Backward (120)	Most Backward (173)

Note: Figures in brackets indicate ranking of taluks in comparison to the state CCDI

Population Characteristics:

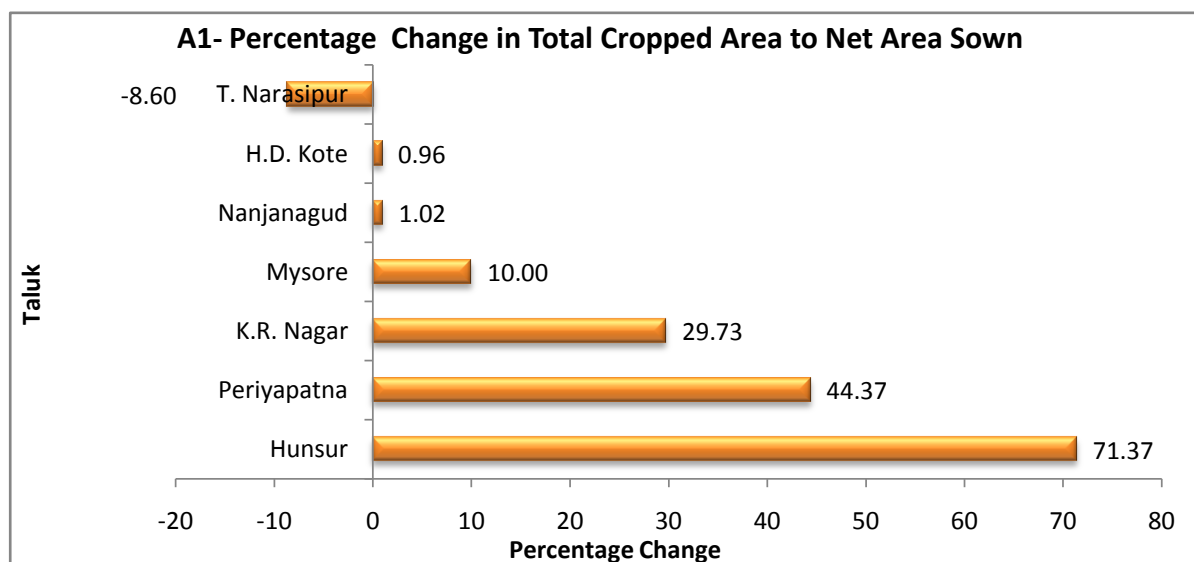
- Mysore taluk was in the developed category in Dr D M Nanjundappa Committee Report as well as 2009-10 index.
- Three taluks viz., Mysore, Periyapatan and K R Nagar have shown a positive change from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- Hunsur, Nanjangudu, T Narasipura and H D Kote taluks have shown negative trend.
- Periyapatan, K R Nagar taluks have improved from most backward to more backward and developed category respectively.
- T-Narasipura declined from backward to more backward category and H D Kote from more backward to most backward category.



A1- Percentage of Total Cropped Area to Net area Sown					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
Hunsur	111.75	198.68	0.95	1.63	71.37
Periyapatna	138.50	207.44	1.18	1.70	44.37
K.R. Nagar	127.76	171.96	1.09	1.41	29.73
Mysore	124.46	142.03	1.06	1.17	10.00
Nanjanagud	134.03	140.47	1.14	1.15	1.02
H.D. Kote	110.92	116.18	0.95	0.95	0.96
T. Narasipur	119.39	113.22	1.02	0.93	-8.60
District	122.97	154.80	1.05	1.27	21.34

A1: Percentage of total area cropped to net area sown

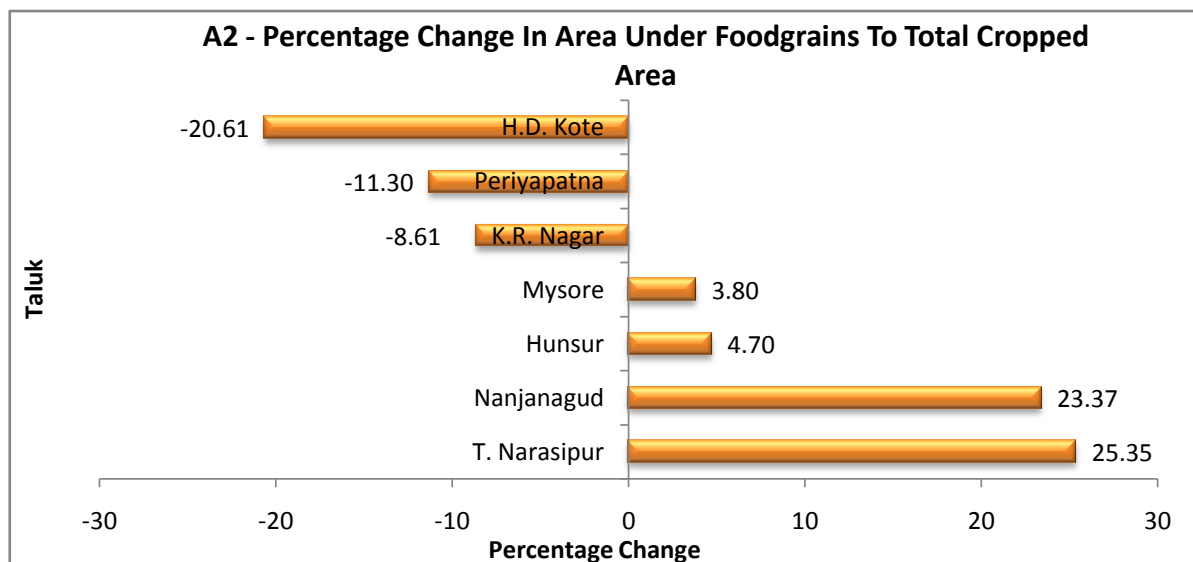
- As per D M Nanjundappa Committee Report, among the seven taluks five taluks were in the developed category which remained the same over a period of ten years with dislocation among the taluks.
- Periyapatna, K R Nagar, Mysore and Nanjangudu were in the developed category in both the indices.
- Hunsur improved from backward to developed category, whereas T-Narasipura declined from developed to underdeveloped category.
- However except T-Narasipura all taluks have shown positive change from 1999-00 to 2009-10.



A2 - Percentage Of Area Under Food Grains To Total Cropped Area					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
T. Narasipur	68.04	85.12	1.14	1.43	25.35
Nanjanagud	59.03	72.68	0.99	1.22	23.37
Hunsur	59.70	62.39	1.00	1.05	4.70
Mysore	73.22	75.86	1.23	1.27	3.80
K.R. Nagar	80.84	73.74	1.36	1.24	-8.61
Periyapatna	56.66	50.16	0.95	0.84	-11.30
H.D. Kote	56.28	44.59	0.94	0.75	-20.61
District	63.88	63.88	1.07	1.07	0.19

A2: Percentage of area under food grains to total cropped area

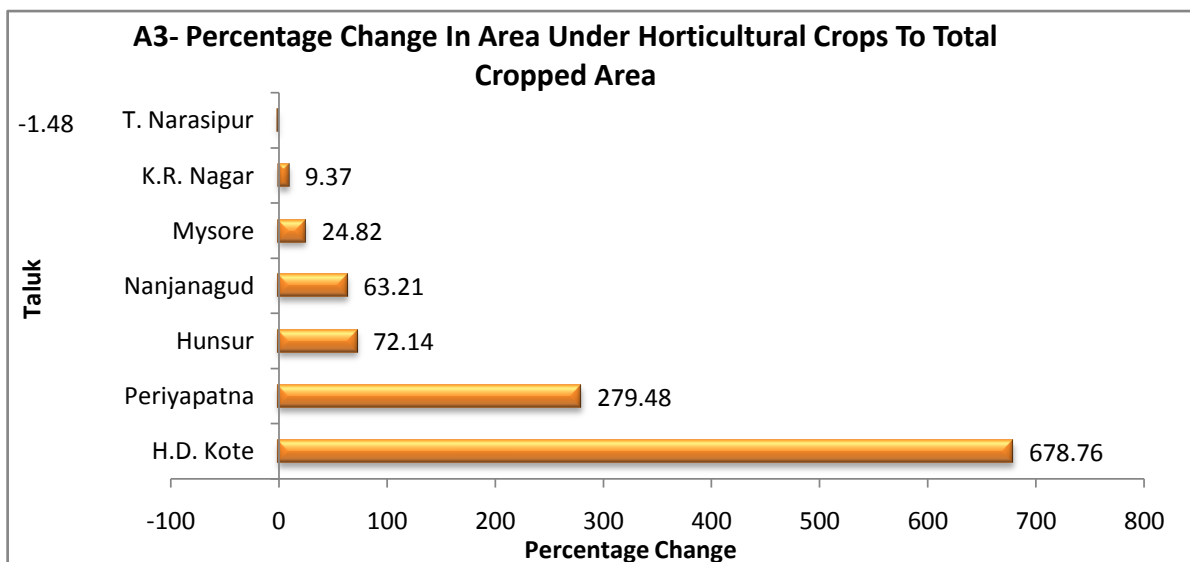
- As per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report four out of seven taluks were in the developed category.
- In index 2009-10 except Periyapatan and H D Kote, remaining five taluks were in the developed category.
- Except K R Nagar, Periyapatan and H D Kote, all taluks have shown the positive change from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- The highest positive and negative changes are observed in T Narasipura (25.35 %) and H D Kote (20.61%) respectively.
- The indicator *Percentage of area under food grains to total cropped area* in the district has shown a marginal increase of 0.19 per cent over a decade.



A3- Percentage Of Area Under Horticultural Crops To Total Cropped Area					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
H.D. Kote	0.27	9.15	0.08	0.63	678.76
Periyapatna	0.37	6.13	0.11	0.42	279.48
Hunsur	1.09	8.10	0.32	0.56	72.14
Nanjanagud	0.75	5.34	0.23	0.37	63.21
Mysore	2.50	13.55	0.75	0.93	24.82
K.R. Nagar	1.01	4.79	0.30	0.33	9.37
T. Narasipur	2.00	8.52	0.60	0.59	-1.48
District	1.08	7.78	0.32	0.54	66.37

A3: Percentage of area under horticultural crops to total cropped area

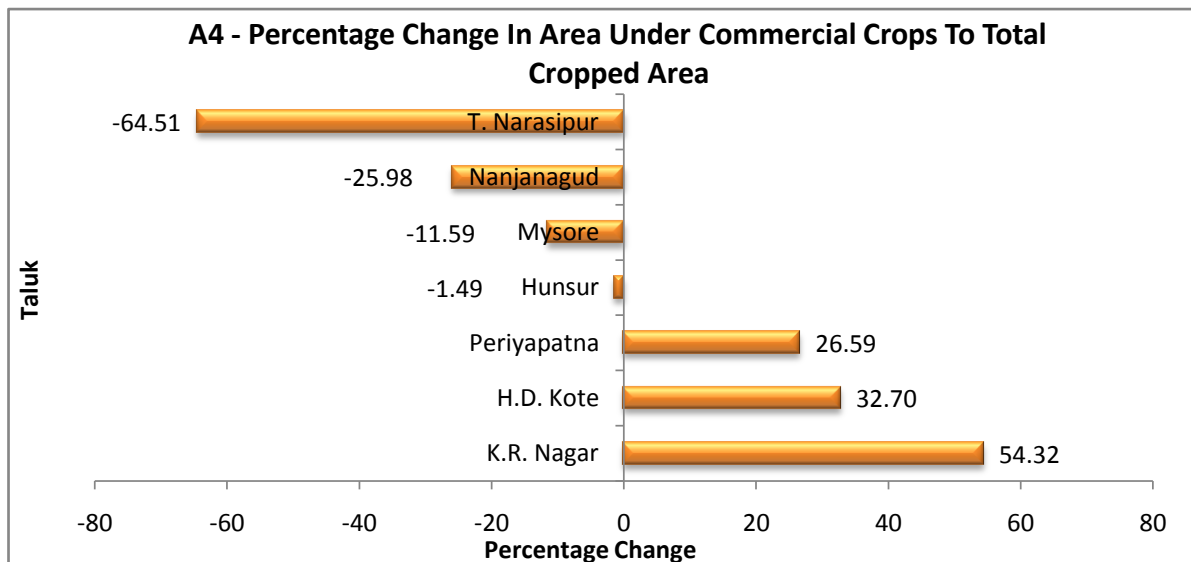
- None of the taluks were found to be developed either in Dr D M Nanjundappa Committee Report or in 2009-10 index.
- However, over the period of a decade, one can observe significant improvement in the index especially in H D Kote and Periyapatan.
- T-Narasipura is the only taluk which has shown the negative change from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- The indicator *Percentage of area under horticultural crops to total cropped area* in the district has improved by 66.37 per cent over a decade.



A4 - Percentage Of Area Under Commercial Crops To Total Cropped Area					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
K.R. Nagar	18.10	24.89	0.50	0.77	54.32
H.D. Kote	43.45	51.38	1.19	1.58	32.70
Periyapatna	42.77	48.25	1.17	1.49	26.59
Hunsur	39.08	34.31	1.07	1.06	-1.49
Mysore	24.28	19.13	0.67	0.59	-11.59
Nanjanagud	40.02	26.40	1.10	0.81	-25.98
T. Narasipur	29.93	9.47	0.82	0.29	-64.51
District	34.95	33.18	0.96	1.02	6.52

A4: Percentage of area under commercial crops to total cropped area

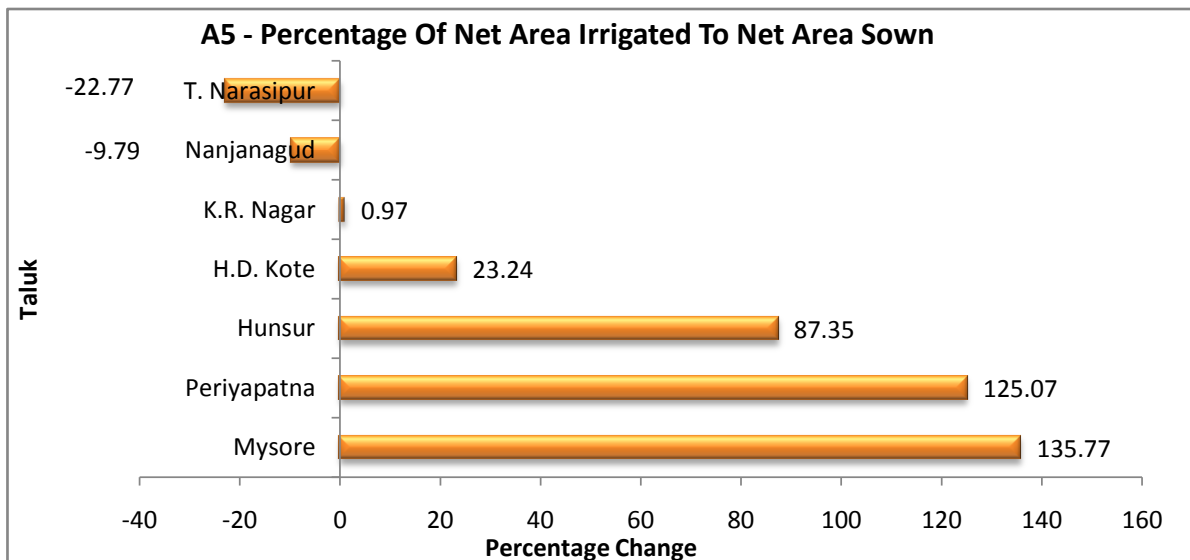
- As per Dr D M Nanjundappa Committee Report there were four taluks in the developed category
- In the recent index only three taluks namely H D Kote, Periyapatan and Hunsur were in the developed category.
- Three out of seven taluks face positive development from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- The positive change varies between 26 and 55 percent and negative change varies between 1 and 65 percent.
- The district has shown an improvement of 6.52 per cent in *Percentage of area under commercial crops to total cropped area* over a decade.



A5 - Percentage Of Net Area Irrigated To Net Area Sown					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
Mysore	11.49	36.28	0.48	1.14	135.77
Periyapatna	10.72	32.33	0.45	1.02	125.07
Hunsur	20.35	51.08	0.86	1.61	87.35
H.D. Kote	12.31	20.31	0.52	0.64	23.24
K.R. Nagar	65.62	88.76	2.76	2.79	0.97
Nanjanagud	37.31	45.09	1.57	1.42	-9.79
T. Narasipur	72.89	75.41	3.07	2.37	-22.77
District	30.50	47.08	1.28	1.48	15.23

A5: Percentage of net area irrigated to net area sown

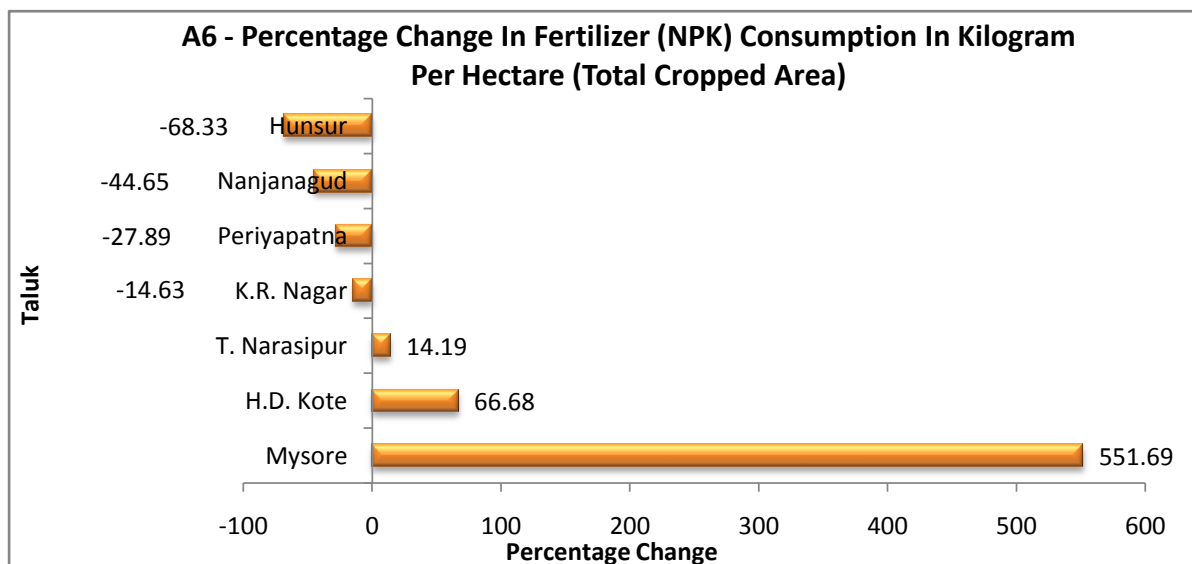
- As per Dr D M Nanjundappa Committee Report three out of seven taluks viz., K.R. Nagar, Nanjanguduu, T. Narasipura were in the developed category
- Except two out of seven taluks namely Nanjangudu and T. Narasipuraa, remaining taluks have shown the positive growth from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- Five taluks experienced positive growth which varies from 0.97 per cent (K R Nagar) to 135.77 per cent (Mysore).
- The indicator *Percentage of net area irrigated to net area sown* has shown 15.23 per cent of improvement in the reference period.



A6 - Fertilizer (NPK) Consumption In Kilogram Per Hectare (Total Cropped Area)					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
Mysore	82.35	587.00	0.69	4.51	551.69
H.D. Kote	67.87	123.73	0.57	0.95	66.68
T. Narasipur	99.89	124.76	0.84	0.96	14.19
K.R. Nagar	87.89	82.07	0.74	0.63	-14.63
Periyapatna	237.05	186.95	1.99	1.44	-27.89
Nanjanagud	111.68	67.61	0.94	0.52	-44.65
Hunsur	144.61	50.09	1.22	0.38	-68.33
District	119.41	154.04	1.20	1.18	-1.38

A6: Fertilizer (NPK) consumption in kilogram per hectare (total cropped area)

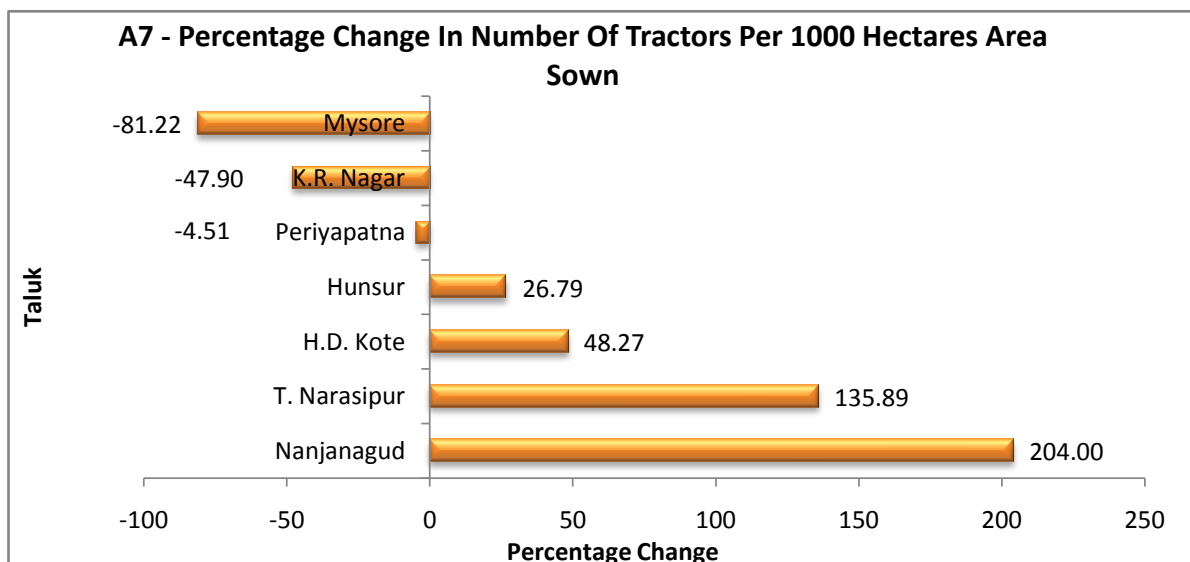
- As per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report two out of seven taluks namely, Periyapatan and Hunsur were in the developed category
- In Index 2009-10, Hunsur failed to maintain the position and moved back to underdeveloped category, while Mysore moved to the developed category.
- Mysore, H D Kote and T-Narasipura have shown positive growth while, K R Nagar, Periyapatan, Nanjangudu and Hunsur have shown negative growth over the ten years of time period.



A7 - Number Of Tractors Per 1000 Hectares Area Sown					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
Nanjanagud	2.03	3.38	0.23	0.69	204.00
T. Narasipur	2.56	3.30	0.28	0.67	135.89
H.D. Kote	2.20	1.79	0.24	0.36	48.27
Hunsur	2.98	2.07	0.33	0.42	26.79
Periyapatna	6.73	3.52	0.75	0.71	-4.51
K.R. Nagar	4.92	1.40	0.55	0.28	-47.90
Mysore	15.54	1.60	1.73	0.32	-81.22
District	5.11	2.42	0.58	0.49	-15.57

A7: Number of tractor per 1000 hectars area sown

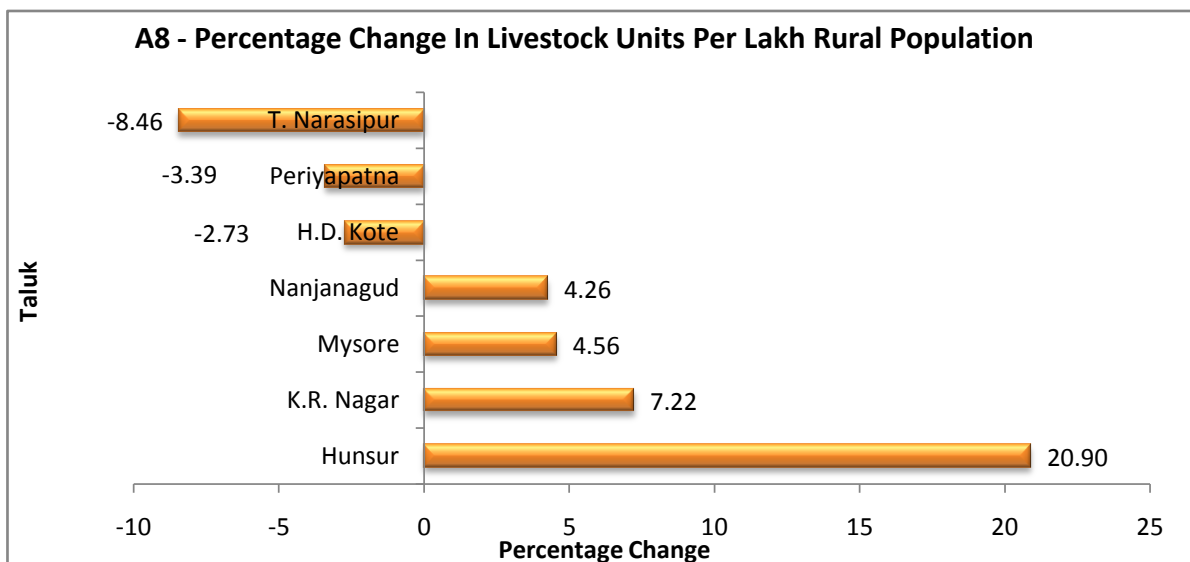
- As per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report only Mysore taluk was in the developed category.
- In the latest index no taluks were found in the developed category.
- Three out of seven taluks namely Mysore taluk (-81%), K R Nagar (-48) and Periyapatan (5%) have experienced the negative change from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- Growth in this sector is very impressive in Nanjangudu (204%) and T-Narasipura (136%) in the same period.
- In sum, the district has experienced the negative change of -15.57 per cent in *Number of tractor per 1000 hectars area sown* over a decade.



A8 - Livestock Units Per Lakh Rural Population					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
Hunsur	42973.23	46582.33	0.89	1.08	20.90
K.R. Nagar	48916.82	47027.32	1.01	1.09	7.22
Mysore	38664.77	36247.29	0.80	0.84	4.56
Nanjanagud	34752.01	32486.19	0.72	0.75	4.26
H.D. Kote	52123.41	45458.24	1.08	1.05	-2.73
Periyapatna	53073.17	45972.87	1.10	1.06	-3.39
T. Narasipur	29426.29	24152.80	0.61	0.56	-8.46
District	42105.95	38937.27	0.87	0.90	3.14

A8: Livestock units per lakh rural population

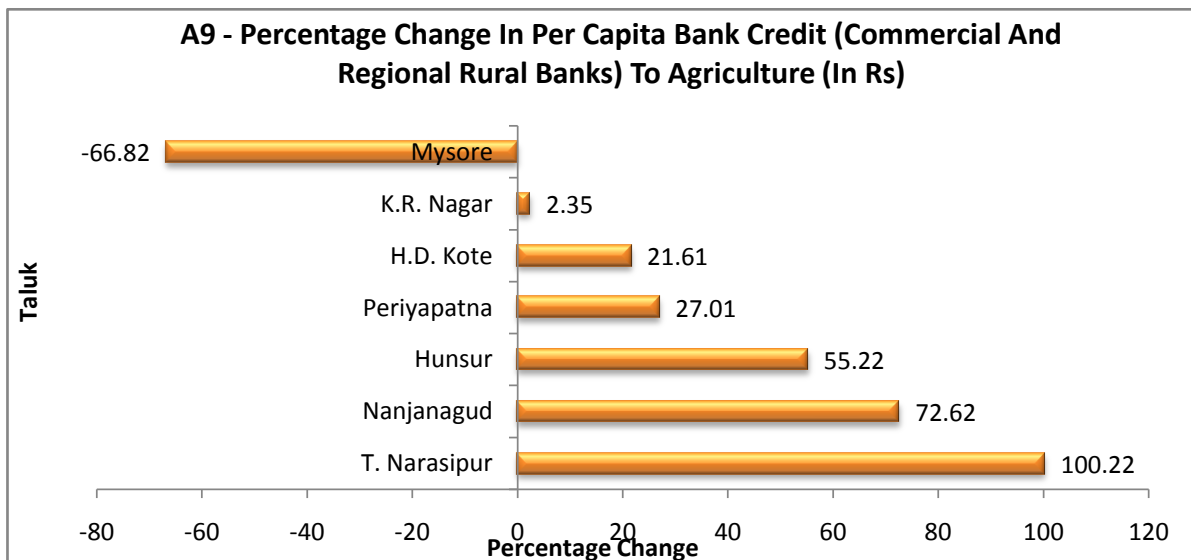
- In Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report there were three taluks in the developed category namely K.R. Nagar, H.D. Kote and Periyapatan.
- In index 2009-10 Hunsur has also joined to the developed category to make the number of developed taluk as four.
- Three taluks viz., H D Kote, Periyapatan and T-Narasipura have shown the negative growth from 1999-00 to 2009-10.
- Hunsur (20.90%) taluk shows higher positive change, while the highest negative change is observed in T Narasipura (-8.46%)



A9 - Per Capita Bank Credit (Commercial And Regional Rural Banks) To Agriculture (In Rs)					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
T. Narasipur	251.78	2291.60	0.52	1.04	100.22
Nanjanagud	269.27	2112.89	0.55	0.96	72.62
Hunsur	714.92	5044.25	1.47	2.28	55.22
Periyapatna	1704.95	9843.25	3.51	4.45	27.01
H.D. Kote	268.31	1483.27	0.55	0.67	21.61
K.R. Nagar	393.62	1831.25	0.81	0.83	2.35
Mysore	380.79	574.34	0.78	0.26	-66.82
District	488.53	2380.89	1.00	1.08	7.21

A9: Per-capita bank credit (commercial and regional rural banks) in agriculture (in Rs)

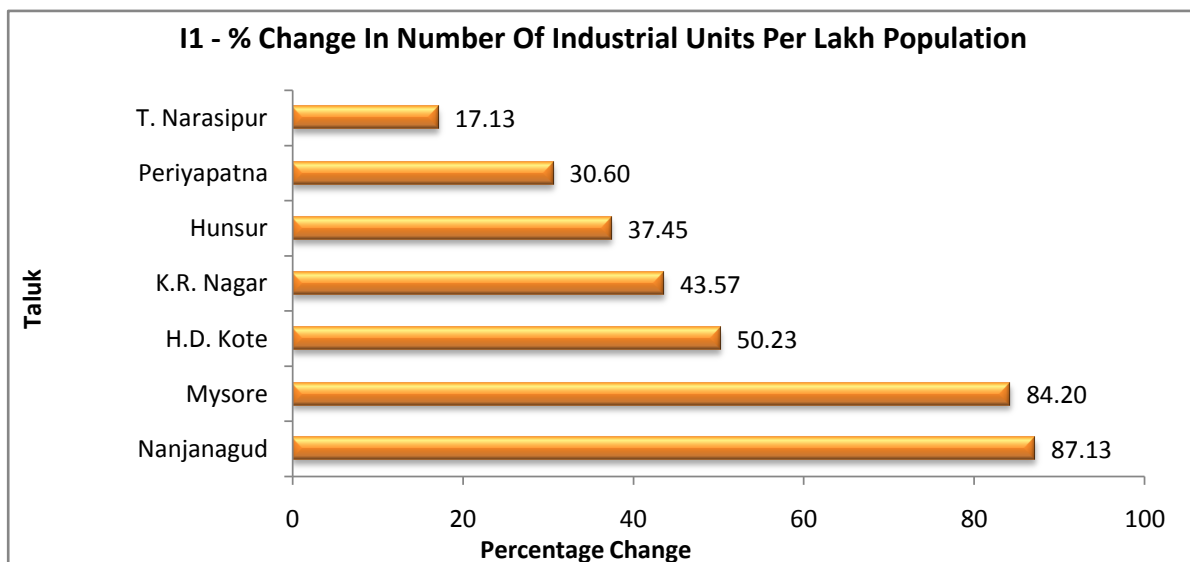
- As per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report two out of seven taluks viz., Hunsur and Periyapatan were in the developed category.
- In the index 2009-10 T. Narasipura has also joined this category to make the number of developed taluks as three.
- Except Mysore all taluks have experienced the positive change from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- T Narasipura (100.22%) has the highest positive change and the lowest positive change is observed in K R Nagar (2.35%).
- The district has experienced an improvement of 7.21 per cent in the indicator- *Per-capita bank credit (commercial and regional rural banks) in agriculture (in Rs)* over the period of ten years.



I1 - Number Of Industrial Units Per Lakh Population					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
Nanjanagud	548.25	801.73	1.14	2.13	87.13
Mysore	797.24	1147.63	1.65	3.05	84.20
H.D. Kote	455.45	534.70	0.94	1.42	50.23
K.R. Nagar	636.83	714.47	1.32	1.90	43.57
Hunsur	663.99	713.20	1.38	1.89	37.45
Periyapatna	578.07	589.96	1.20	1.57	30.60
T. Narasipur	667.61	611.10	1.39	1.62	17.13
District	671.49	858.34	1.39	2.28	63.56

I1: Number of industrial units per lakh population

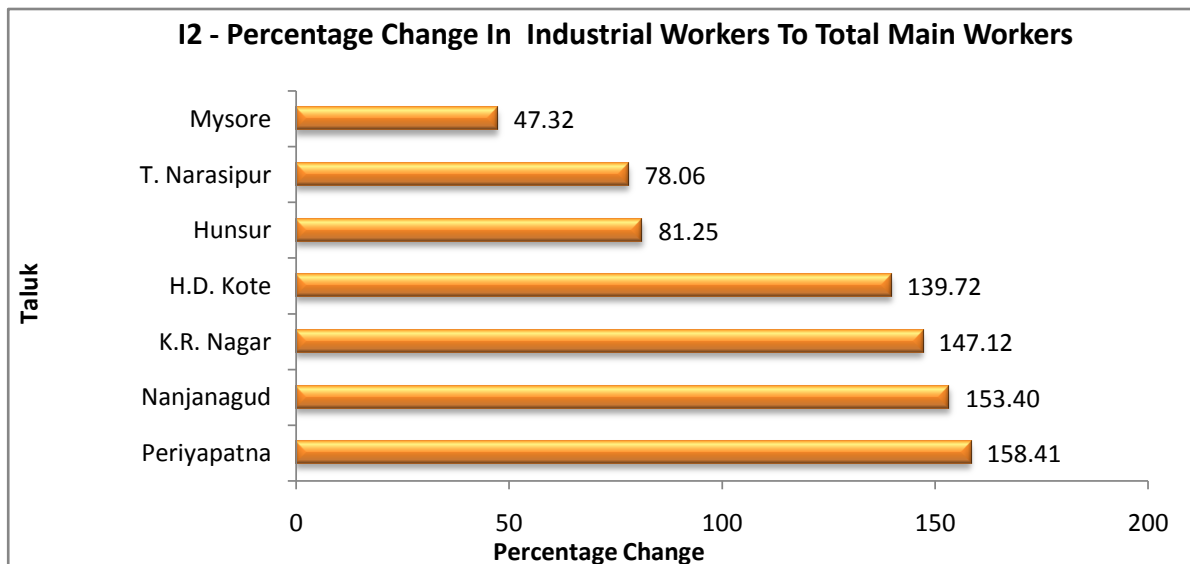
- As per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report except H D Kote, all taluks were found in the developed category
- In 2009-10 index, all taluks were found as developed.
- It is interesting to note that all taluks have experienced the positive growth from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index. This growth varies across the taluks between 17 percent and 87 percent.
- Significant growth can be observed in Nanjangudu (87%) and Mysore (84%) taluks highest growth is observed in T Narasipura (17%) taluk.
- The district has registered 63.56 per cent of growth in the indicator-*Number of industrial units per lakh population* over a decade.



I2 - Percentage Of Industrial Workers To Total Main Workers					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
Periyapatna	2.99	6.77	0.28	0.72	158.41
Nanjanagud	7.09	15.75	0.66	1.68	153.40
K.R. Nagar	3.57	7.73	0.33	0.82	147.12
H.D. Kote	2.01	4.23	0.19	0.45	139.72
Hunsur	4.52	7.18	0.42	0.77	81.25
T. Narasipur	3.85	6.02	0.36	0.64	78.06
Mysore	21.42	27.66	2.00	2.95	47.32
District	9.98	15.43	0.93	1.64	76.27

I2: Percentage of industrial workers to total main workers

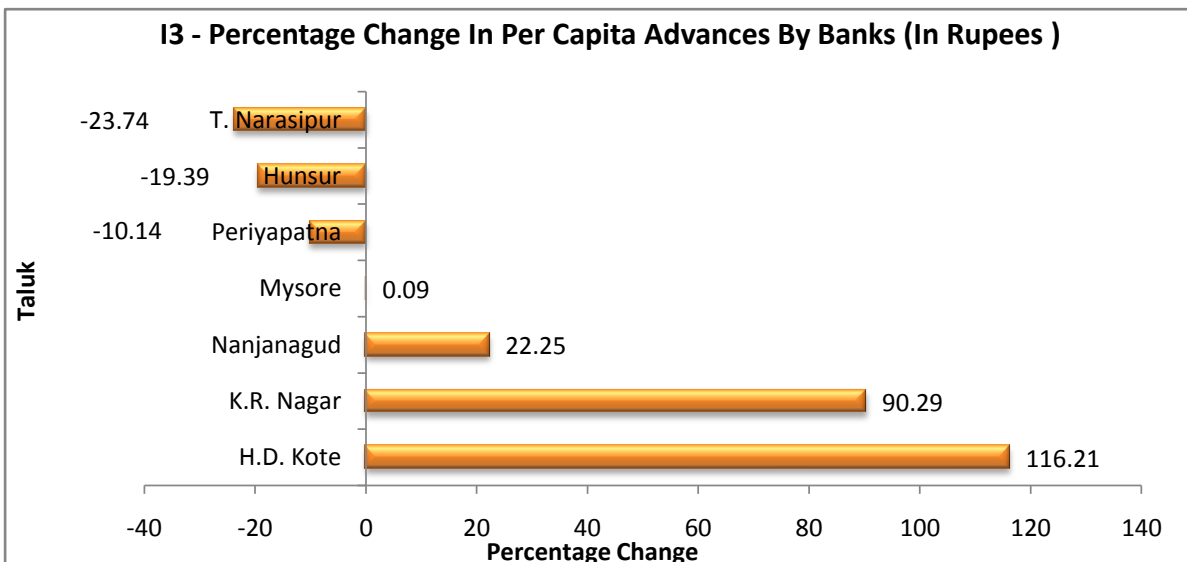
- As per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report only one taluk was in the developed category.
- In the recent index there were two taluks in this category.
- All taluks have shown positive development from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- The highest and the lowest growth is observed in Periyapatan (158.41%) and Mysore (47.32%) respectively.
- Totally, the district has experienced 76.27 per cent of development in *Percentage of industrial workers to total main workers* over a decade.



I3 - Per Capita Advances By Banks In Rupees					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
H.D. Kote	658.24	5046.96	0.19	0.40	116.21
K.R. Nagar	1516.17	10231.23	0.43	0.82	90.29
Nanjanagud	1994.06	8644.92	0.57	0.69	22.25
Mysore	12962.19	46010.17	3.67	3.68	0.09
Periyapatna	3792.48	12084.96	1.08	0.97	-10.14
Hunsur	2357.27	6738.18	0.67	0.54	-19.39
T. Narasipur	1855.79	5018.55	0.53	0.40	-23.74
District	6282.08	22871.78	1.78	1.83	2.67

I3: Per-capita advances by banks in rupees

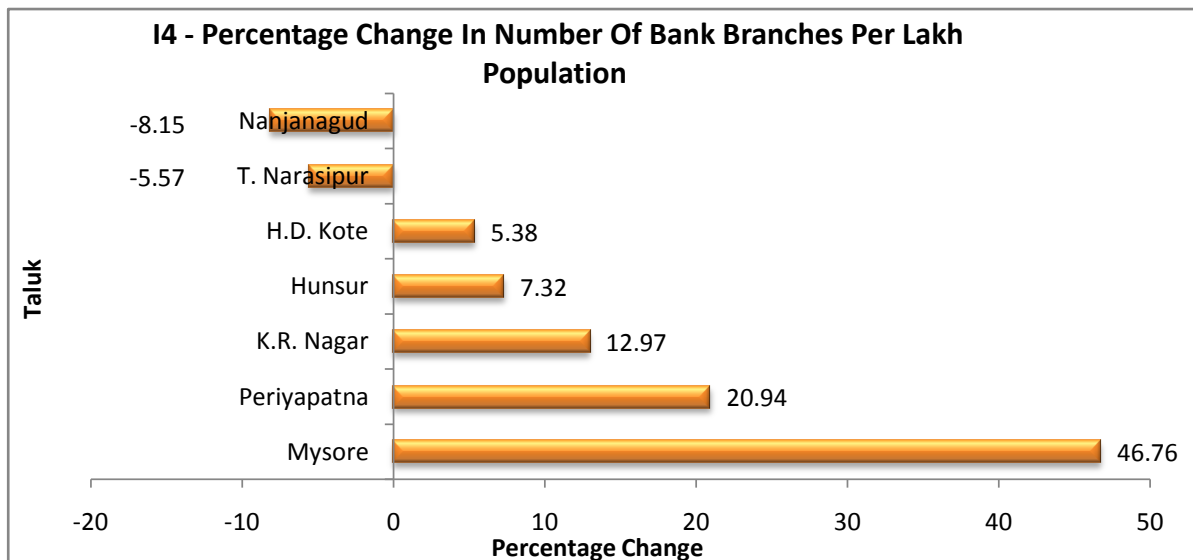
- As per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report two out of seven taluks namely Mysore and Periyapatan were in the developed category
- As per index 2009-10, only one taluk viz., Mysore was found in this category.
- Four out of seven taluks have shown positive improvement from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- H D Kote (116%) and T-Narasipura (-24%) taluks show higher positive and negative changes respectively.
- In sum, the district has shown 2.67 per cent of positive change over a decade in the indicator *Per-capita advances by banks in rupees*.



I4 - Number Of Bank Branches Per Lakh Population					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
Mysore	12.49	18.39	1.43	2.10	46.76
Periyapatna	6.25	7.58	0.72	0.87	20.94
K.R. Nagar	6.27	7.11	0.72	0.81	12.97
Hunsur	6.59	7.09	0.75	0.81	7.32
H.D. Kote	5.77	6.10	0.66	0.70	5.38
T. Narasipur	7.19	6.81	0.82	0.78	-5.57
Nanjanagud	7.53	6.94	0.86	0.79	-8.15
District	8.95	11.43	1.02	1.30	27.35

I4: Number of bank branches per lakh population

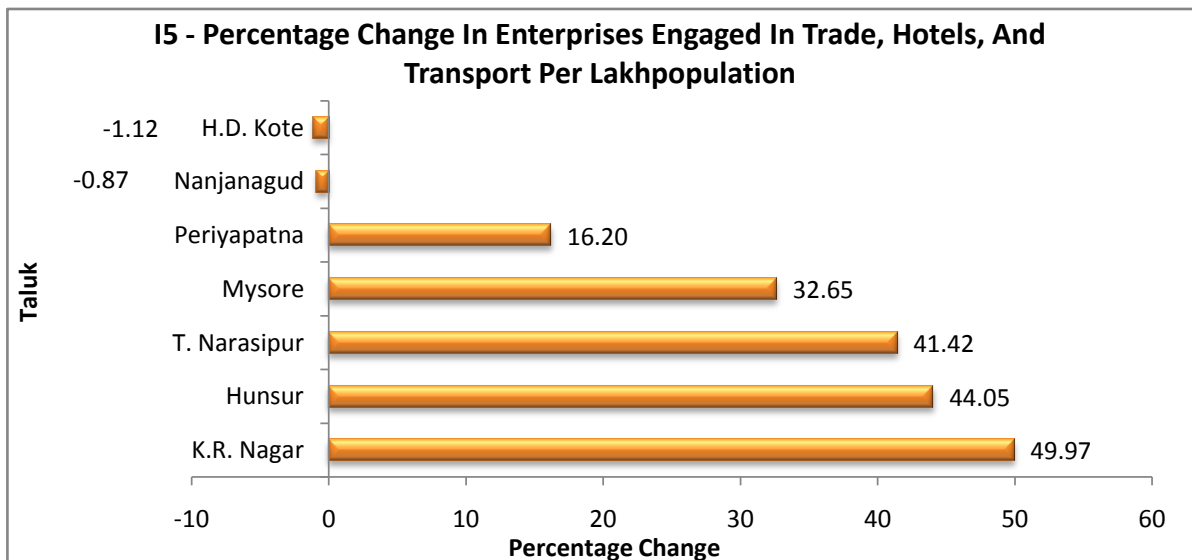
- Except Mysore, none of the taluks were found in the developed category either in Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report or in the recent index.
- Except Nanjangudu and T-Narasipura, remaining 5 taluks have shown positive growth from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- Mysore taluk (46.76%) is not only in the developed category but also shows higher progress over the ten years of time period.
- *Number of bank branches per lakh population* has registered 27.35 per cent of improvement in the district over a decade.



I5 - Number Of Enterprises Engaged In Trade, Hotels, And Transport Per Lakh Population					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
K.R. Nagar	775.65	1494.99	0.54	0.81	49.97
Hunsur	872.79	1615.83	0.61	0.88	44.05
T. Narasipur	1042.94	1895.66	0.73	1.03	41.42
Mysore	1374.55	2343.40	0.96	1.28	32.65
Periyapatna	887.41	1325.28	0.62	0.72	16.20
Nanjanagud	1366.85	1741.42	0.96	0.95	-0.87
H.D. Kote	1396.04	1774.08	0.98	0.97	-1.12
District	1194.86	1927.73	0.84	1.05	25.53

I5: Number of enterprises engaged in trade, hotels and transport per lakh population

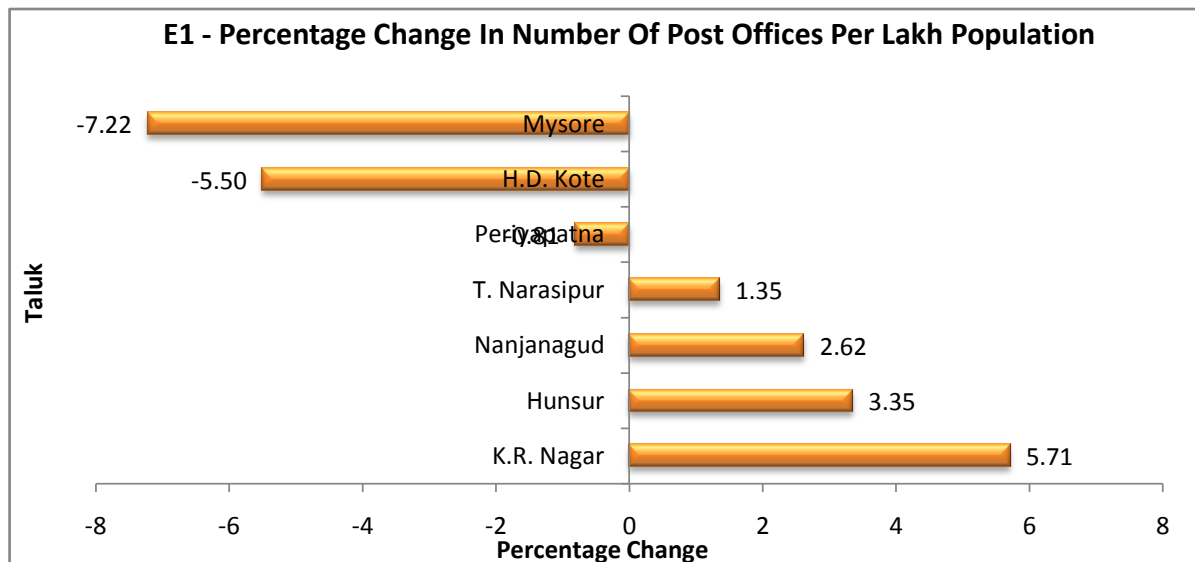
- As per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report no taluk was found in the developed category
- In 2009-10 index two out of seven taluks namely T Narasipura and Mysore were in the developed category.
- Nanjangudu and H D Kote are the taluks, whose growth over the period of time is not satisfactory. This means they have shown negative growth.
- The positive change over the period of time is varies between 16 per cent and 50 per cent.
- In sum, *Number of enterprises engaged in trade, hotels and transport per lakh population* in the district has witnessed 25.53 per cent of progress over a decade.



E1 - Number Of Post Offices Per Lakh Population					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
K.R. Nagar	20.91	21.74	1.11	1.18	5.71
Hunsur	16.66	16.93	0.89	0.92	3.35
Nanjanagud	19.25	19.43	1.03	1.05	2.62
T. Narasipur	18.69	18.64	1.00	1.01	1.35
Periyapatna	19.19	18.73	1.02	1.02	-0.81
H.D. Kote	21.43	19.92	1.14	1.08	-5.50
Mysore	10.45	9.53	0.56	0.52	-7.22
District	15.85	15.41	0.85	0.84	-1.15

E1: Number of post offices per lakh population

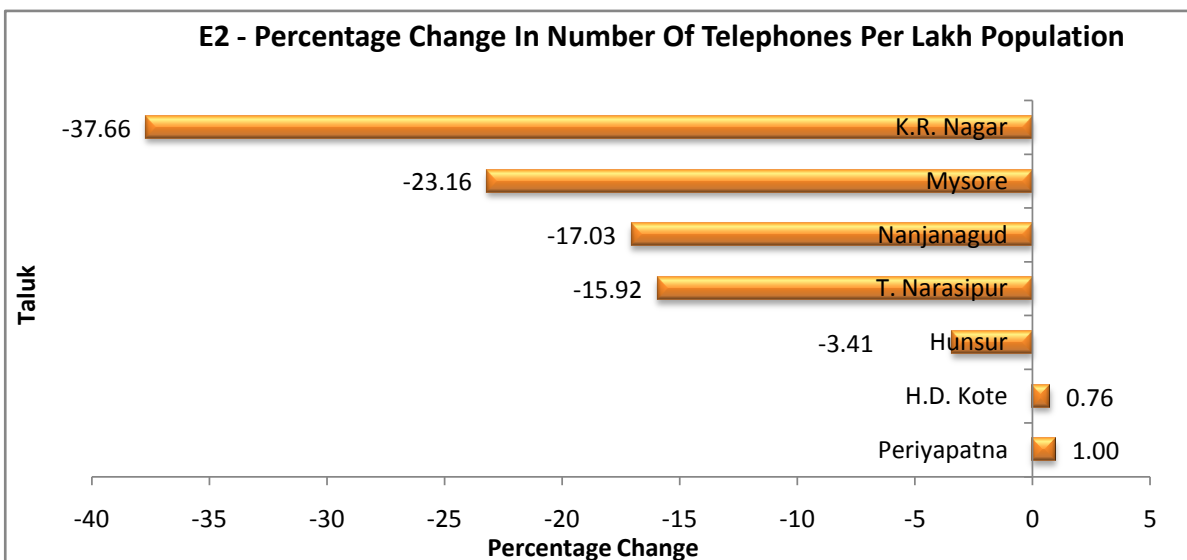
- As per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report four out of seven taluks namely K.R. Nagar, Hunsur, Nanjangudu and T. Narasipura were in the developed category.
- In the index 2009-10 except Mysore and Hunsur remaining five taluks were found in the developed category.
- Except three out of seven taluks viz., Periyapatan, H D Kote and Mysore. Other four taluks have shown positive change from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- The highest positive and negative changes are observed in K R Nagar (5.71%) and Mysore (-7.22%) respectively in the same period.
- The indicator *Number of post offices per lakh population* in the district has experienced -1.15 per cent of negligible negative change over a decade.



E2 - Number Of Telephones Per Lakh Population					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
Periyapatna	1958.29	1562.96	0.44	0.45	1.00
H.D. Kote	1168.52	930.35	0.26	0.27	0.76
Hunsur	2217.03	1692.23	0.50	0.48	-3.41
T. Narasipur	1407.48	935.11	0.32	0.27	-15.92
Nanjanagud	1820.24	1193.43	0.41	0.34	-17.03
Mysore	9322.44	5660.82	2.10	1.62	-23.16
K.R. Nagar	1657.50	816.47	0.37	0.23	-37.66
District	4680.08	2943.48	1.06	0.84	-20.41

E2: Number of Telephones per lakh population

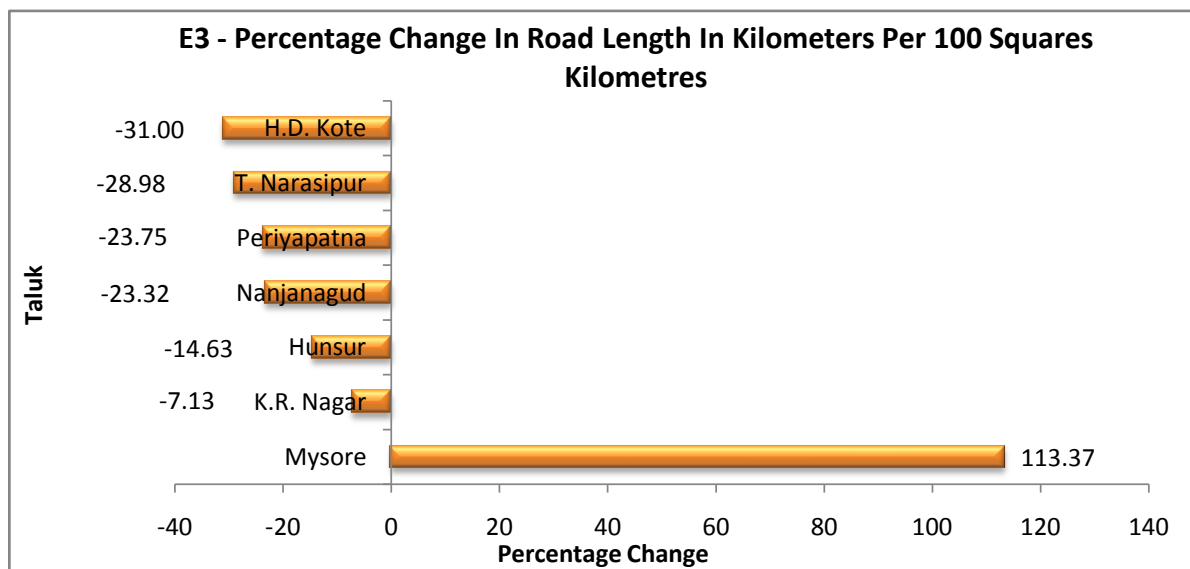
- As per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report and index 2009-10 except Mysore, none of the taluks were in the developed category
- Periyapatan and H D Kote taluks have shown positive change from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index
- The negative growth varies between 3 percent and 37 percent among the taluks.
- On the whole overall performance of *number of telephones per lakh population* has decreased significantly (20.41%) in the district.



E3 - Road Length In Kilometers Per 100 Square Kilometres					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
Mysore	136.00	526.43	1.94	4.15	113.37
K.R. Nagar	112.00	188.70	1.60	1.49	-7.13
Hunsur	119.00	184.29	1.70	1.45	-14.63
Nanjanagud	86.00	119.64	1.23	0.94	-23.32
Periyapatna	96.00	132.80	1.37	1.05	-23.75
T. Narasipur	127.00	163.64	1.82	1.29	-28.98
H.D. Kote	63.00	78.86	0.90	0.62	-31.00
District	739.00	1394.35	1.06	1.10	3.98

E3: Road length in kilometers per 100 square kilometers

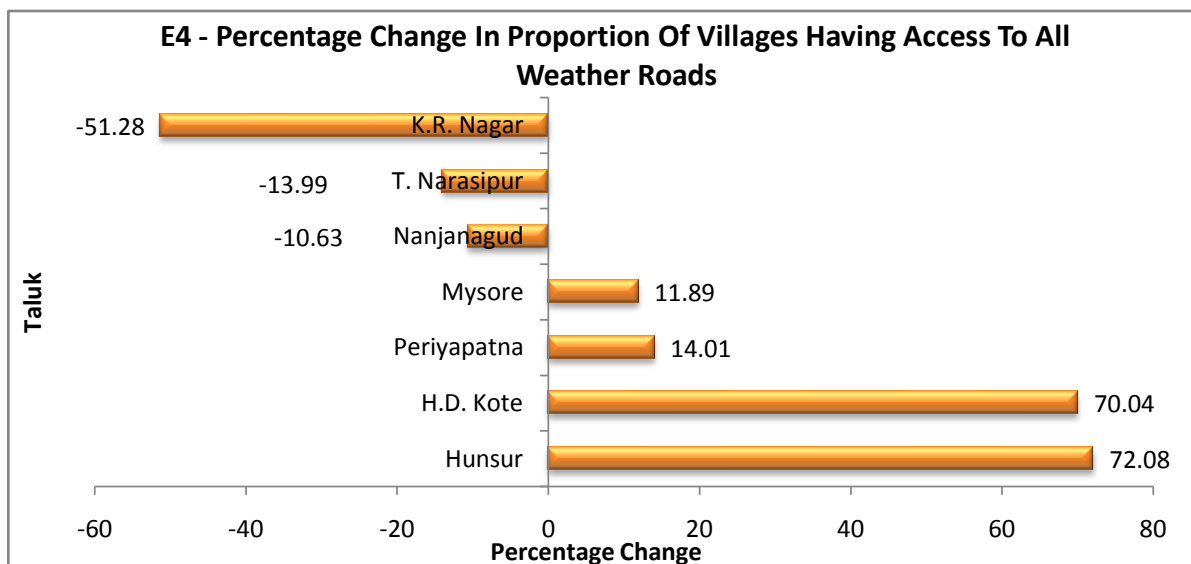
- As per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report except H D Kote remaining taluks were in the developed category.
- In index 2009-10 Nanjangudu also turned as backward along with H D Kote.
- Except Mysore none of the taluks has shown any positive change from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- Negative trend varies between 7 and 31 percent among six taluks.
- The district has experienced 3.98 per cent of positive development in the indicator- *Road length in kilometers per 100 square kilometers* over a decade.



E4 - Proportion Of Villages Having Access To All Weather Roads (In Percentage)					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
Hunsur	43.62	78.64	0.73	1.25	72.08
H.D. Kote	40.25	71.71	0.67	1.14	70.04
Periyapatna	70.41	84.11	1.17	1.34	14.01
Mysore	78.13	91.59	1.30	1.45	11.89
Nanjanagud	97.73	91.51	1.63	1.45	-10.63
T. Narasipur	96.75	87.19	1.61	1.38	-13.99
K.R. Nagar	86.75	44.29	1.44	0.70	-51.28
District	69.74	78.63	1.16	1.25	7.60

E4: Proportion of villages having access to all weather roads (in percentage)

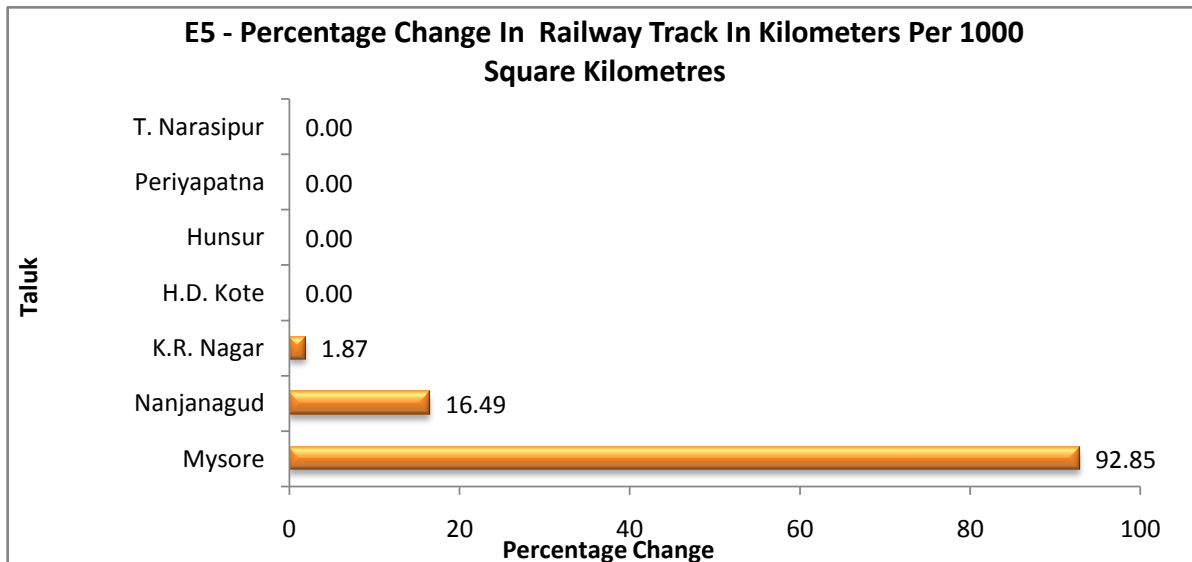
- As per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report, except Hunsur and H D Kote all remaining taluks were found in the developed category.
- In index 2009-10, except K R Nagar all taluks were found to be developed
- Nanjangudu (-11%), T. Narasipura (-14%) and K R Nagar (-51%) taluks have shown the negative change from 1999-00 to 2009-10.
- Hunsur (72%), H D Kote (70%), Periyapatan (14%) and Mysore taluks have shown positive development over the period of time.
- 7.60 per cent of improvement is observed in the district with respect to the indicator *Proportion of villages having access to all weather roads (in percentage)*.



E5 - Railway Track In Kilometers Per 1000 Square Kilometres					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
Mysore	44.17	72.46	2.53	4.88	92.85
Nanjanagud	25.46	25.23	1.46	1.70	16.49
K.R. Nagar	67.77	58.72	3.88	3.95	1.87
H.D. Kote	..	..	..	..	..
Hunsur	..	..	..	..	..
Periyapatna	..	..	..	..	..
T. Narasipur	..	..	..	..	..
District	16.11	18.99	0.92	1.28	38.54

E5: Railway track in kilometers per 1000 square kilometers

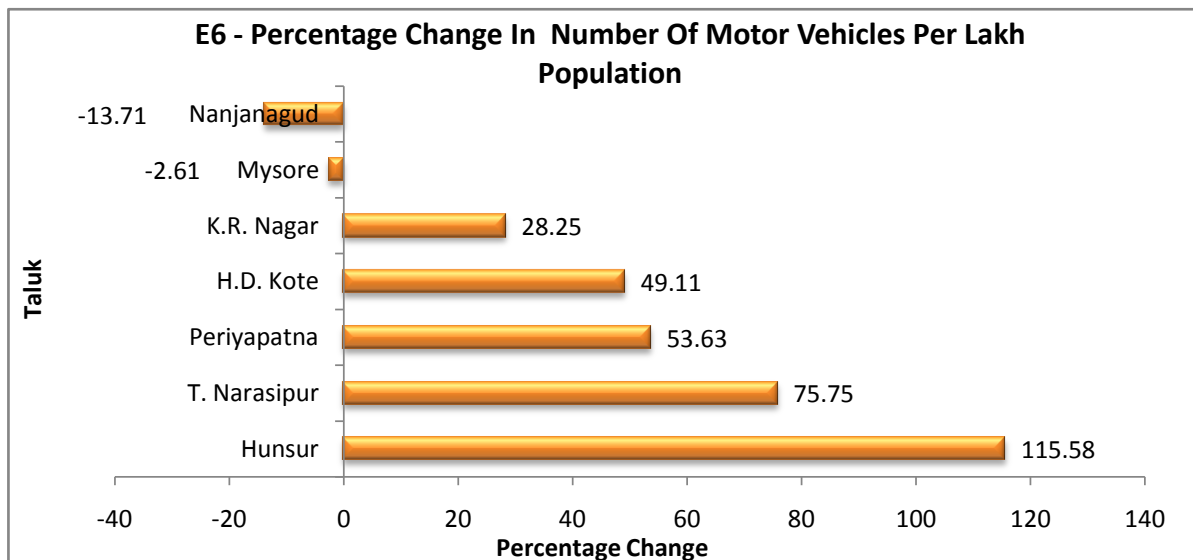
- Three out of seven taluks namely Mysore, Nanjangudu and K R Nagar taluks have the railway tracks in both the time periods.
- All these three taluks were in the developed category in both the indices.
- All taluks have shown positive development from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- The district has improved 38.54 per cent in the indicator *Railway track in kilometers per 1000 square kilometers*.



E6 - Number Of Motor Vehicles Per Lakh Population					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
Hunsur	2029.92	8579.66	0.30	0.65	115.58
T. Narasipur	1884.91	6494.87	0.28	0.49	75.75
Periyapatna	2069.89	6234.45	0.31	0.47	53.63
H.D. Kote	1720.83	5030.70	0.26	0.38	49.11
K.R. Nagar	2658.53	6684.39	0.39	0.51	28.25
Mysore	20654.82	39438.90	3.06	2.98	-2.61
Nanjanagud	1672.36	2829.08	0.25	0.21	-13.71
District	9266.49	19008.10	1.37	1.44	4.63

E6: Number of motor vehicles per lakh population

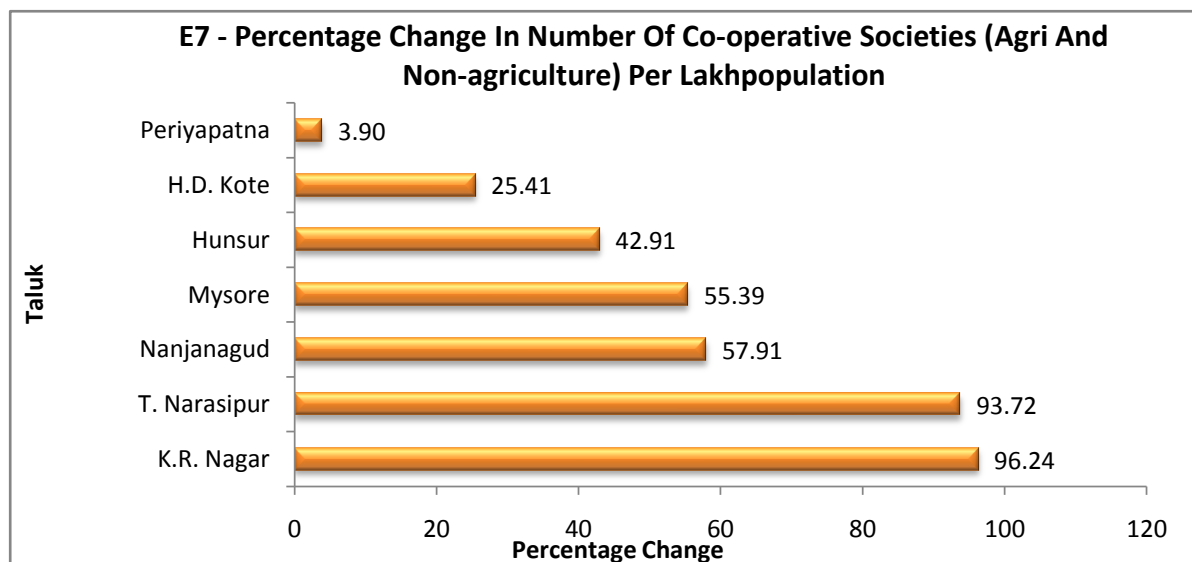
- Except Mysore, none of the taluks were found in the developed category either in Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report or in index 2009-10.
- Except Nanjangudu, remaining taluks have shown positive change from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- Hunsur (115.58%) and Nanjangudu (-13.71%) have experienced the highest positive and negative changes in the same period.
- The indicator-*Number of motor vehicles per lakh population* in the district has improved by 4.36 per cent over a decade.



E7 - Number Of Co-operative Societies (Agri And Non-Agriculture) Per Lakh Population					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
K.R. Nagar	10.45	80.69	0.76	1.49	96.24
T. Narasipur	10.07	76.70	0.73	1.42	93.72
Nanjanagud	9.21	57.19	0.67	1.06	57.91
Mysore	9.47	57.87	0.69	1.07	55.39
Hunsur	13.17	74.04	0.96	1.37	42.91
H.D. Kote	11.13	54.89	0.81	1.02	25.41
Periyapatna	14.73	60.20	1.07	1.11	3.90
District	10.55	63.31	0.77	1.17	52.50

E7: Number of Co-operative Societies (Agri and Non-Agriculture) per lakh population

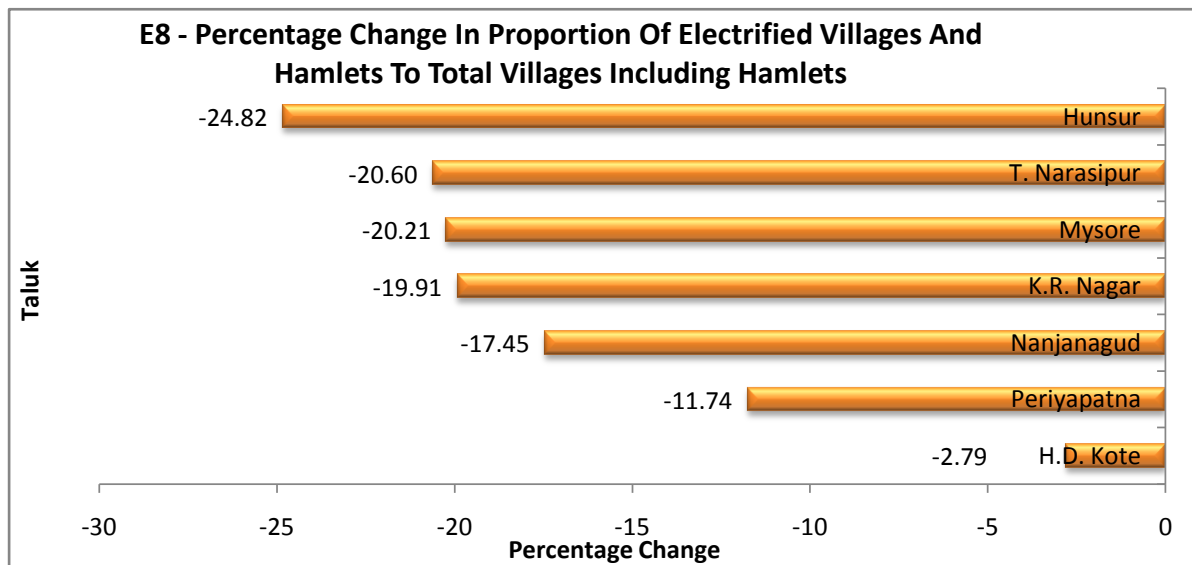
- As per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report only Periyapatna was in the developed category.
- In the recent index all taluks were found in the developed category.
- All taluks have shown positive growth from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- K R Nagar and T Narasipura taluks have shown higher growth
- Periyapatna (4%) has shown the lowest growth.
- *Number of Co-operative societies (Agri and Non-Agriculture) per lakh population* in the district has registered 52.50 per cent of improvement over a decade.



E8 - Proportion Of Electrified Villages And Hamlets To Total Villages Including Hamlets					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
H.D. Kote	70.69	92.52	1.06	1.03	-2.79
Periyapatna	82.76	98.35	1.24	1.10	-11.74
Nanjanagud	85.61	95.16	1.29	1.06	-17.45
K.R. Nagar	84.82	91.47	1.27	1.02	-19.91
Mysore	88.18	94.74	1.32	1.06	-20.21
T. Narasipur	88.94	95.09	1.34	1.06	-20.60
Hunsur	93.01	94.15	1.40	1.05	-24.82
District	83.56	94.44	1.26	1.06	-15.91

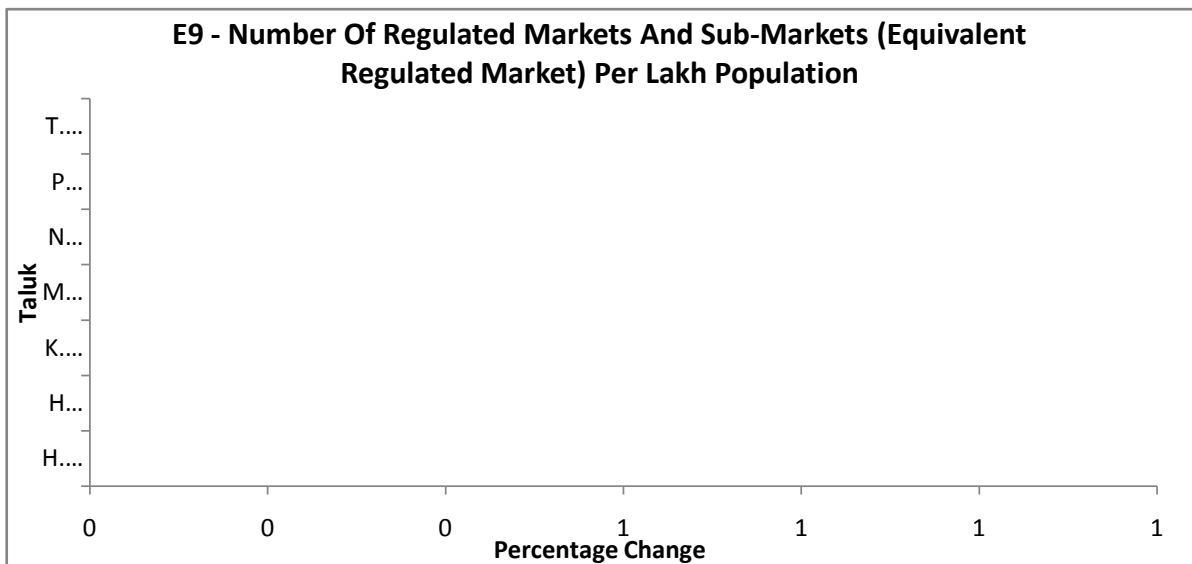
E8: Proportion of electrified villages including Hamlets

- All taluks are found in the developed category in Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report and index 2009-10.
- All taluks have experienced the negative change from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- More than 90 per cent of villages have been electrified in Mysore District.



E9 - Number Of Regulated Markets And Sub-Markets (Equivalent Regulated Market) Per Lakh Population					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
H.D. Kote	0.43		1.44		
Hunsur	0.41		1.36		
K.R. Nagar	0.44		1.46		
Mysore	0.10		0.34		
Nanjanagud	0.29		0.98		
Periyapatna	0.47		1.56		
T. Narasipur	0.38		1.26		
District	0.28		0.93		

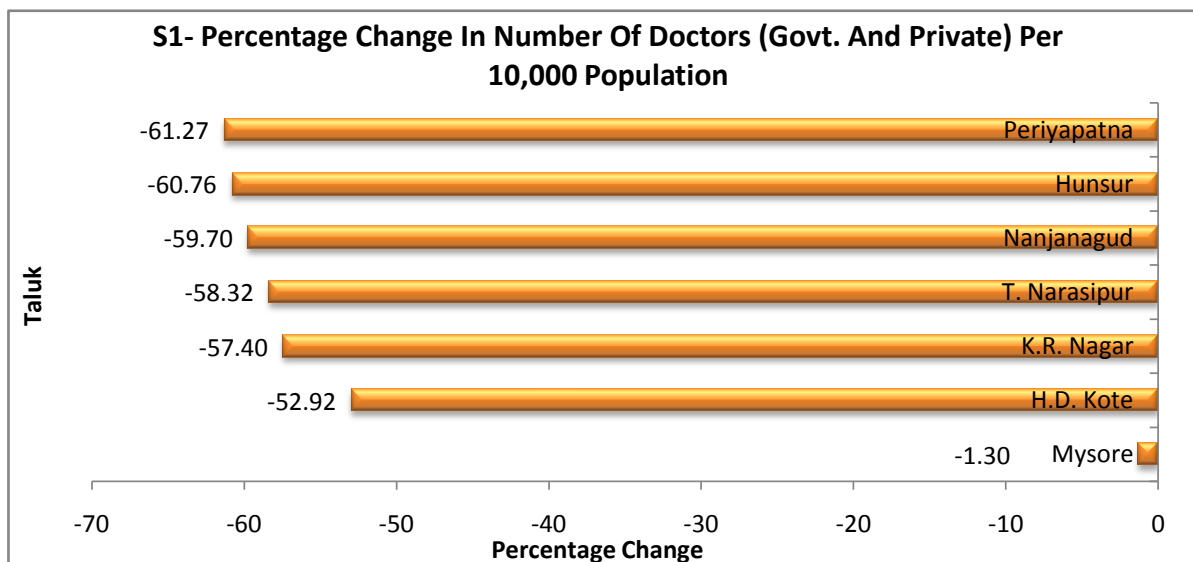
E9: Number of regulated markets and sub-markets (equivalent regulated market) per lakh population



S1- Number Of Doctors (Govt. And Private) Per 10,000 Population					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
Mysore	6.99	11.56	2.52	2.49	-1.30
H.D. Kote	3.09	2.44	1.11	0.52	-52.92
K.R. Nagar	4.68	3.34	1.69	0.72	-57.40
T. Narasipur	4.57	3.19	1.65	0.69	-58.32
Nanjanagud	4.52	3.05	1.63	0.66	-59.70
Hunsur	4.61	3.03	1.66	0.65	-60.76
Periyapatna	3.57	2.32	1.29	0.50	-61.27
District	4.58	6.32	1.53	1.40	-8.37

S1: Numbers of doctors (Govt. and private) per 10,000 population)

- As per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report, all taluks of were found in the developed category.
- In 2009-10 index except Mysore, none of the taluks were found in the developed category.
- All taluks have experienced the negative change from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- The highest and the lowest negative changes are observed in Periyapatna (-61.27%) and Mysore (-1.30%) respectively.
- The district has experienced -8.37 per cent of negative change in *Numbers of doctors (Govt. and private)per 10,000 population* over a decade.

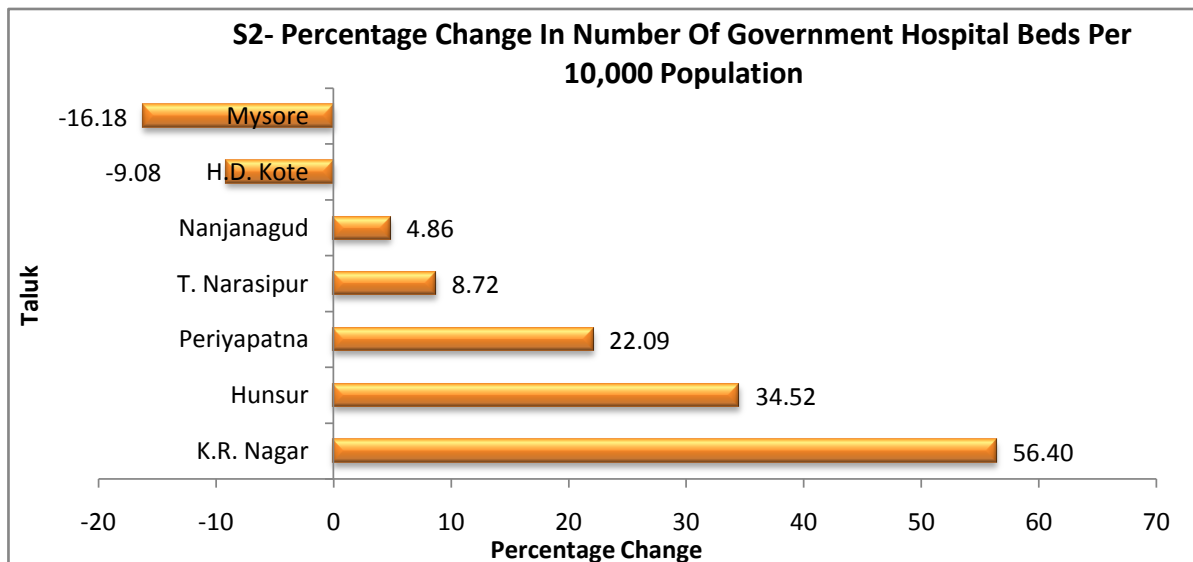


S2- Number Of Government Hospital Beds Per 10,000 Population

Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
K.R. Nagar	4.27	8.00	0.57	0.89	56.40
Hunsur	4.96	8.00	0.66	0.89	34.52
Periyapatna	6.83	10.00	0.91	1.11	22.09
T. Narasipur	6.90	9.00	0.92	1.00	8.72
Nanjanagud	6.36	8.00	0.85	0.89	4.86
H.D. Kote	7.34	8.00	0.98	0.89	-9.08
Mysore	21.89	22.00	2.92	2.44	-16.18
District	8.36	13.79	1.05	1.56	49.03

S2: Number of Government hospital beds per 10,000 population

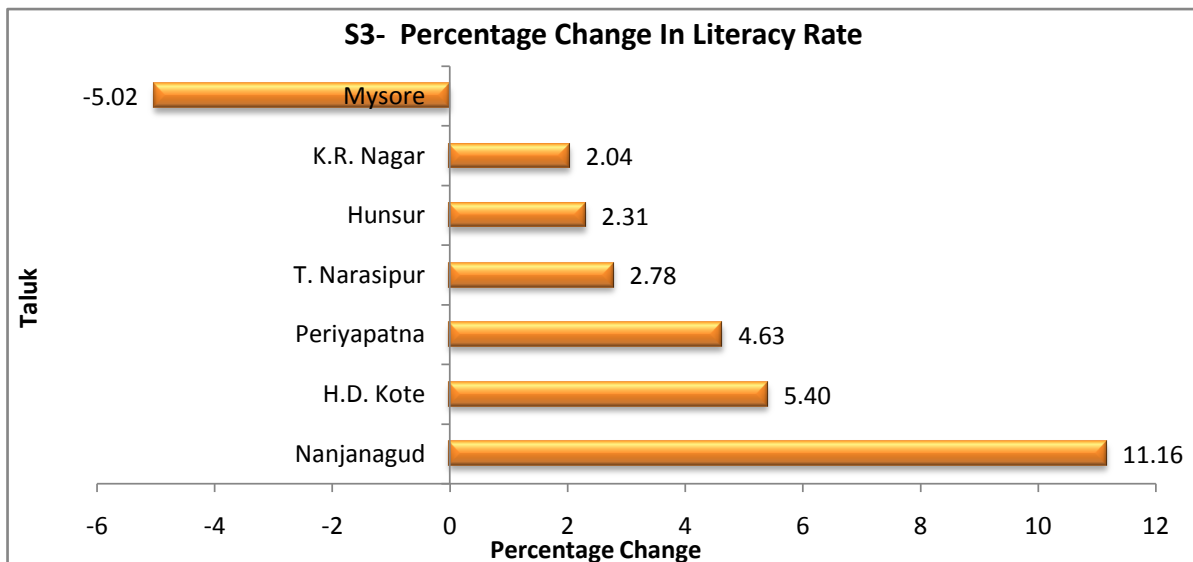
- As per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report except Mysore none of the taluks were found in the developed category.
- 2009-10 index found three out of seven taluks namely Periyapatan, T-Narasipura and Mysore in the developed category
- Two out of seven taluks viz., H D Kote and Mysore taluks have experienced negative change from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- K R Nagar (56%) has the significant improvement followed by Hunsur (34%), Periyapatan (22%).
- The indicator *Number of Government hospital beds per 10,000 population* has improved around 50 per cent over a decade.



S3- Literacy Rate (In Percentage)					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
Nanjanagud	49.95	62.61	0.75	0.83	11.16
H.D. Kote	54.06	64.25	0.81	0.85	5.40
Periyapatna	59.86	70.63	0.89	0.93	4.63
T. Narasipur	54.37	63.01	0.81	0.83	2.78
Hunsur	57.93	66.83	0.86	0.88	2.31
K.R. Nagar	60.09	69.14	0.90	0.91	2.04
Mysore	76.29	81.71	1.14	1.08	-5.02
District	58.94	63.48	0.88	0.94	6.72

S3: Literacy rate (in percentage)

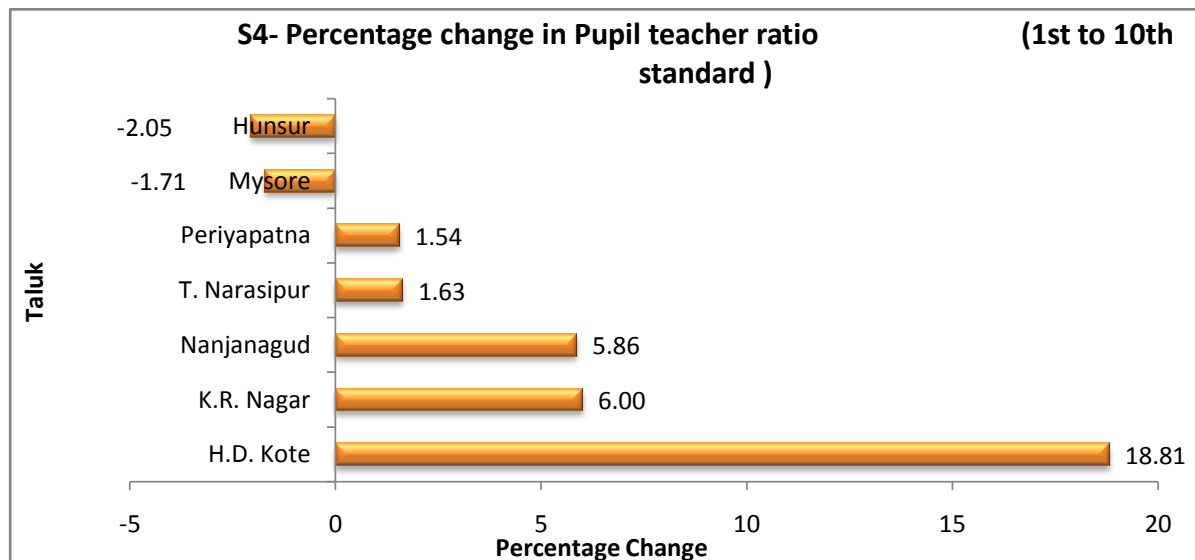
- As per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report and index 2009-10 except, Mysore none of the taluks were found in the developed category.
- Though Mysore was in the developed category in both of the periods, it has shown a negative change from 1999-00 to 2009-10.
- Nanjangudu has shown higher improvement among taluks.
- The district has shown 6.72 per cent of positive development in the indicator *Literacy rate (in percentage)*.



S4- Pupil Teacher Ratio (1st To 10th Standard)					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
H.D. Kote	38.04	23.63	0.91	1.08	18.81
K.R. Nagar	30.03	20.91	1.15	1.22	6.00
Nanjanagud	36.38	25.37	0.95	1.00	5.86
T. Narasipur	32.25	23.42	1.07	1.09	1.63
Periyapatna	32.27	23.45	1.07	1.08	1.54
Mysore	38.29	28.75	0.90	0.88	-1.71
Hunsur	33.03	24.88	1.04	1.02	-2.05
District	34.32	25.35	1.00	1.00	-0.06

S4: Pupil teacher ratio (1 to 10th standard)

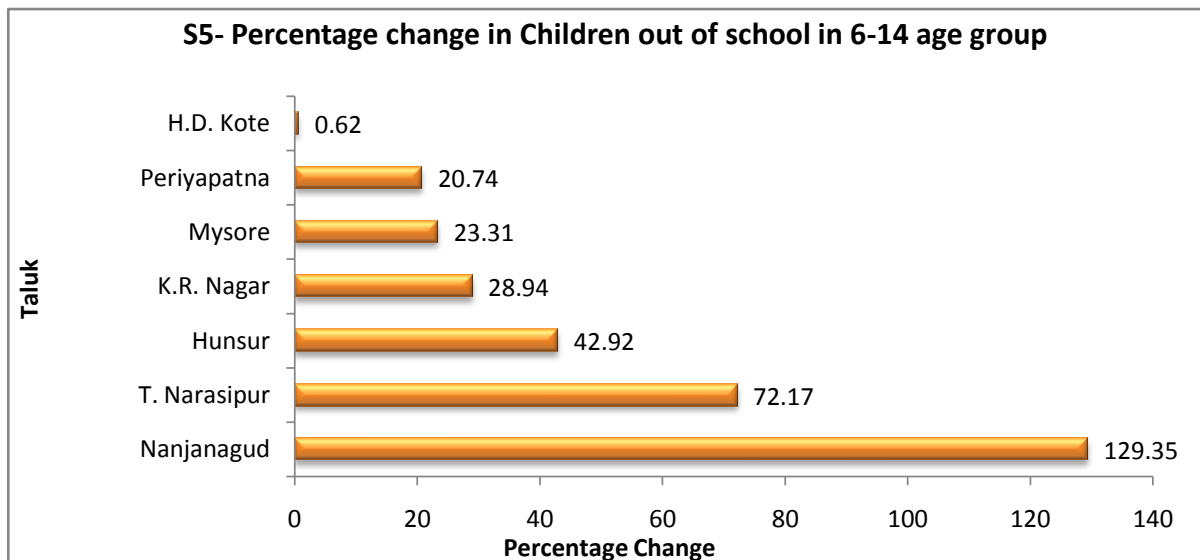
- As per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report four out of seven taluks were in the developed category.
- In index 2009-10 except Mysore, all taluks were found in the developed category.
- Except Mysore and Hunsur, all taluks have shown positive growth from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- H D Kote has shown higher improvement over the period of time.
- The district has experienced a negligible negative change of -0.06 per cent in *Pupil teacher ratio (1 to 10th standard)*.



S5- Percentage Of Children Out Of School In 6-14 Age Group					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
Nanjanagud	12.65	1.66	0.79	1.82	129.35
T. Narasipur	13.01	2.28	0.77	1.33	72.17
Hunsur	8.98	1.90	1.12	1.60	42.92
K.R. Nagar	6.46	1.51	1.55	2.00	28.94
Mysore	4.90	1.20	2.05	2.53	23.31
Periyapatna	9.42	2.35	1.06	1.29	20.74
H.D. Kote	11.34	3.40	0.88	0.89	0.62
District	9.54	1.79	1.05	1.69	60.77

S5: Percentage of Children out of school in 6 to 14 years of age group

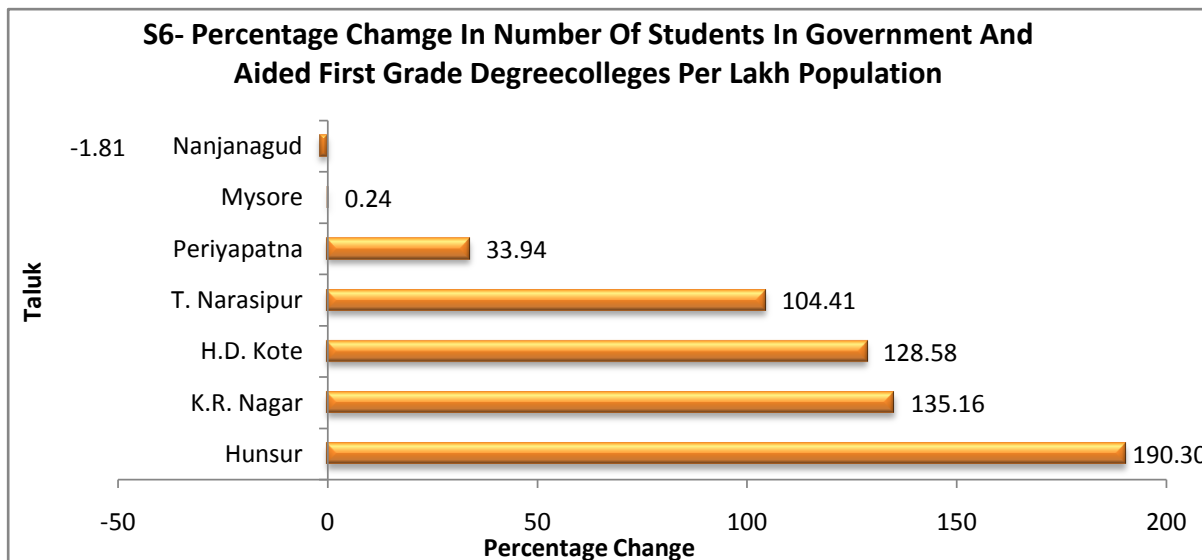
- Among seven taluks, four taluks were in the developed category as per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report.
- In the recent index except H D Kote, remaining six taluks are found in the developed category,
- All taluks have shown positive change from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- Nanjangudu and H D Kote have higher and lower growth respectively with 129 percent and 0.62 percent.
- In the indicator *Percentage of Children out of school in 6 to 14 years of age group* the district has recorded 60.77 per cent of development.



S6- Number of Students In Government And Aided First Grade Degree Colleges Per Lakh Population					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
Hunsur	227.79	632.07	0.34	0.99	190.30
K.R. Nagar	409.36	920.15	0.61	1.44	135.16
H.D. Kote	61.41	134.18	0.09	0.21	128.58
T. Narasipur	205.64	401.78	0.31	0.63	104.41
Periyapatna	155.34	198.88	0.23	0.31	33.94
Mysore	1585.79	1519.42	2.37	2.37	0.24
Nanjanagud	314.72	295.37	0.47	0.46	-1.81
District	422.86	853.68	0.63	1.33	111.20

S6: Number of Students in Government and Aided First Grade Degree Colleges per lakh population

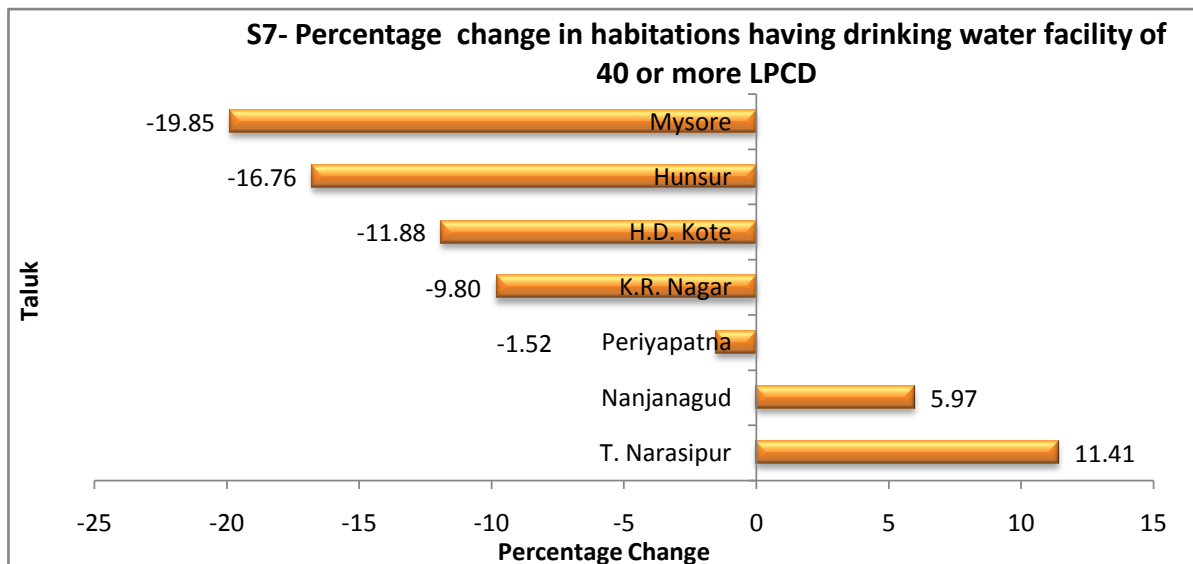
- No taluks were found in the in the developed category as per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report.
- Index 2009-10 found only K R Nagar as developed.
- Except Nanjangudu (-1.81%) all taluks have shown positive change from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- Hunsur (190%), K R Nagar (135%), H D Kote (129%) and T. Narasipura (104%) taluks have shown significant improvement over the period of time.
- The district has experienced 111.20 per cent of positive change in *Number of Students in Government and Aided First Grade degree Colleges per lakh population* over a decade.



S7- Percentage Of Habitations Having Drinking Water Facility Of 40 Or More LPCD					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
T. Narasipur	59.00	67.00	1.05	1.17	11.41
Nanjanagud	65.93	71.22	1.17	1.24	5.97
Periyapatna	82.70	83.01	1.47	1.44	-1.52
K.R. Nagar	92.71	85.24	1.64	1.48	-9.80
H.D. Kote	85.92	77.17	1.52	1.34	-11.88
Hunsur	89.90	76.27	1.59	1.33	-16.76
Mysore	71.50	58.41	1.27	1.02	-19.85
District	78.24	75.06	1.40	1.31	-6.54

S7: Percentage of Habitation having Drinking Water Facility of 40 or more LPCD

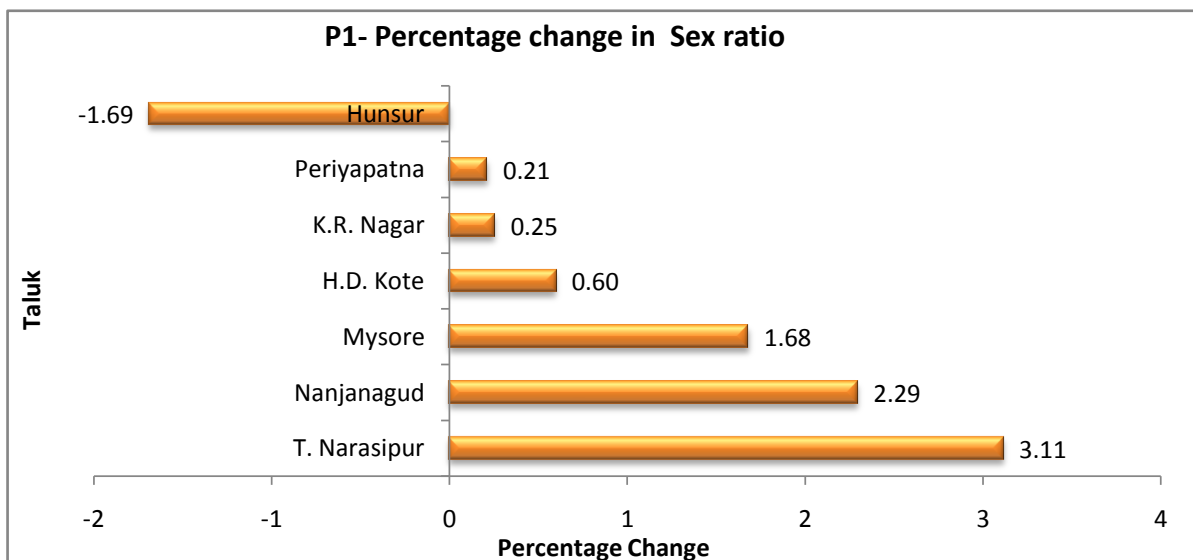
- All taluks were found in the developed category in Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report and 2009-10 index.
- However, five out of seven taluks have shown negative change from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- Mysore and Periyapatan taluks have the highest and the lowest negative change respectively over the period of time.
- The district has experienced -6.54 per cent of negative change in the indicator *Percentage of Habitation having Drinking Water Facility of 40 or more LPCD* over a decade.



P1- Sex Ratio					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
T. Narasipur	957.89	992.57	0.99	1.03	3.11
Nanjanagud	961.46	988.35	1.00	1.02	2.29
Mysore	963.89	984.89	1.00	1.02	1.68
H.D. Kote	971.81	982.41	1.01	1.01	0.60
K.R. Nagar	984.44	991.79	1.02	1.02	0.25
Periyapatna	934.34	940.92	0.97	0.97	0.21
Hunsur	984.93	973.08	1.02	1.00	-1.69
District	964.99	964.07	1.00	1.00	-0.22

P1: Sex Ratio

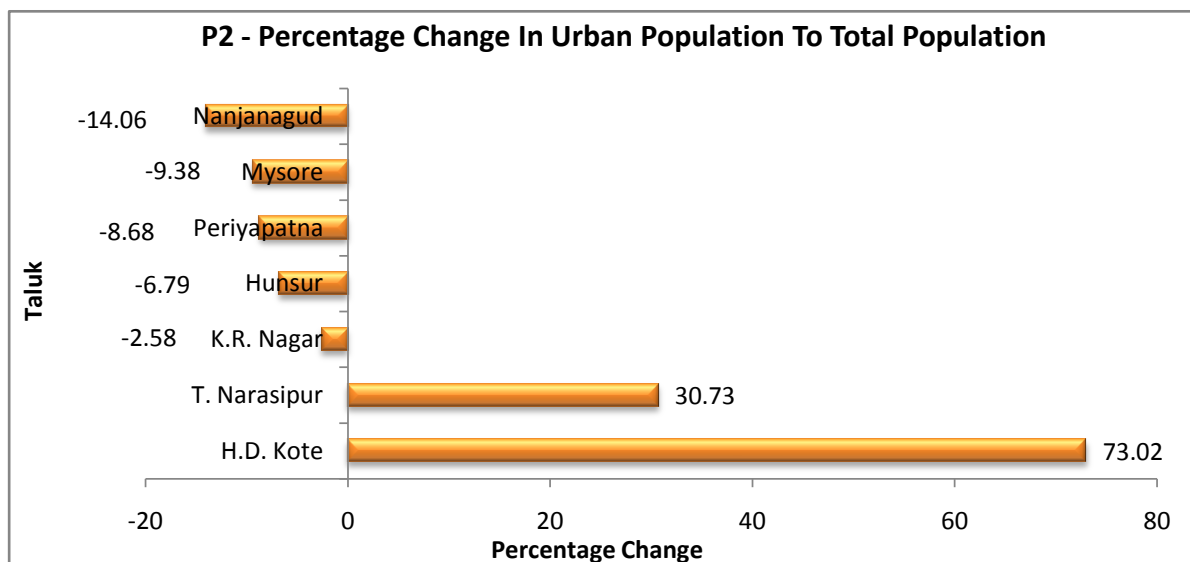
- As per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report, except two out of seven taluks namely, T. Narasipura and Periyapatan remaining five taluks were in the developed category,
- In index 2009-10, except Periyapatan, remaining all taluks were in the developed category.
- Except, Hunsur all taluks have shown the positive change from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- The positive change varies between 0.21 per cent (in Periyapatan) and 2.11 per cent (in T. Narasipura).



P2 - Percentage Of Urban Population To Total Population					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
H.D. Kote	4.96	9.75	0.15	0.25	73.02
T. Narasipur	11.91	17.67	0.35	0.46	30.73
K.R. Nagar	12.80	14.15	0.38	0.37	-2.58
Hunsur	17.00	17.99	0.50	0.47	-6.79
Periyapatna	6.66	6.90	0.20	0.18	-8.68
Mysore	76.71	78.90	2.26	2.05	-9.38
Nanjanagud	13.45	13.12	0.40	0.34	-14.06
District	36.90	37.19	1.09	1.09	0.77

P2: Percentage of Urban population to total Population

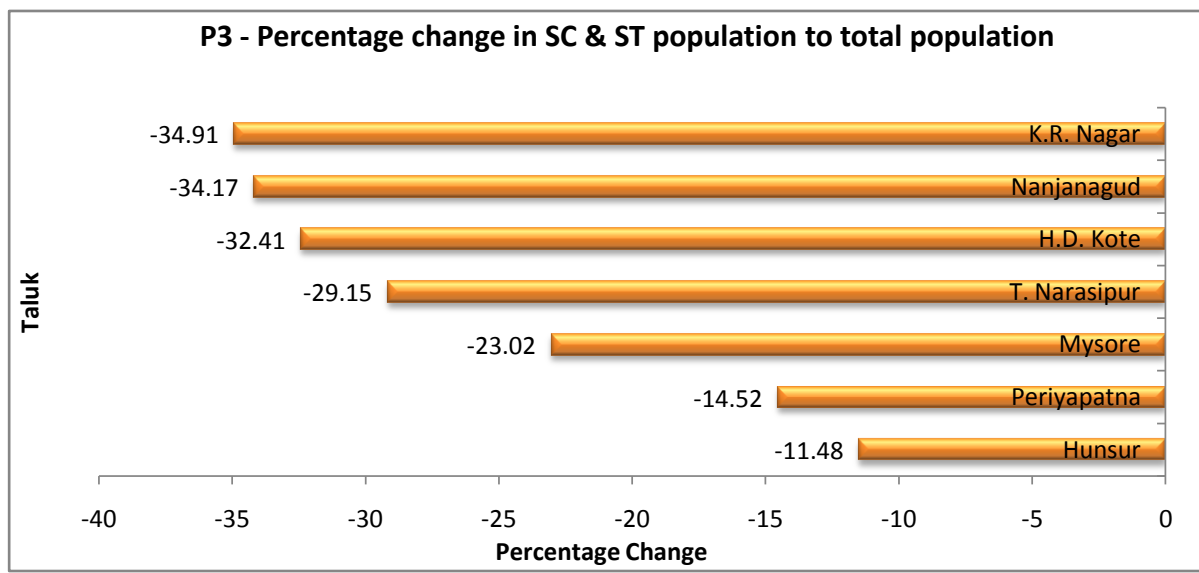
- Except Mysore, none of the taluks were in the developed category either in Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report or in index 2009-10
- Except, H D Kote and T Narasipura remaining taluks have shown negative change from 1999-00 index 2009-10 index.
- The highest and the lowest negative changes are observed in Nanjangudu (-14.06%) and K R Nagar (-2.58%) respectively.
- The indicator *Percentage of Urban population to total Population* in the district has shown a marginal increase of 0.77 per cent over a decade.



P3 - Percentage Of SC & ST Population To Total Population					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
Hunsur	28.51	33.62	0.72	0.64	-11.48
Periyapatna	19.57	23.90	1.05	0.90	-14.52
Mysore	13.87	18.81	1.49	1.15	-23.02
T. Narasipur	26.22	38.64	0.79	0.56	-29.15
H.D. Kote	31.03	47.92	0.67	0.45	-32.41
Nanjanagud	22.49	35.67	0.92	0.60	-34.17
K.R. Nagar	13.16	21.10	1.57	1.02	-34.91
District	19.95	27.98	1.03	0.77	-25.58

P3: Percentage of SC and ST population to total Population

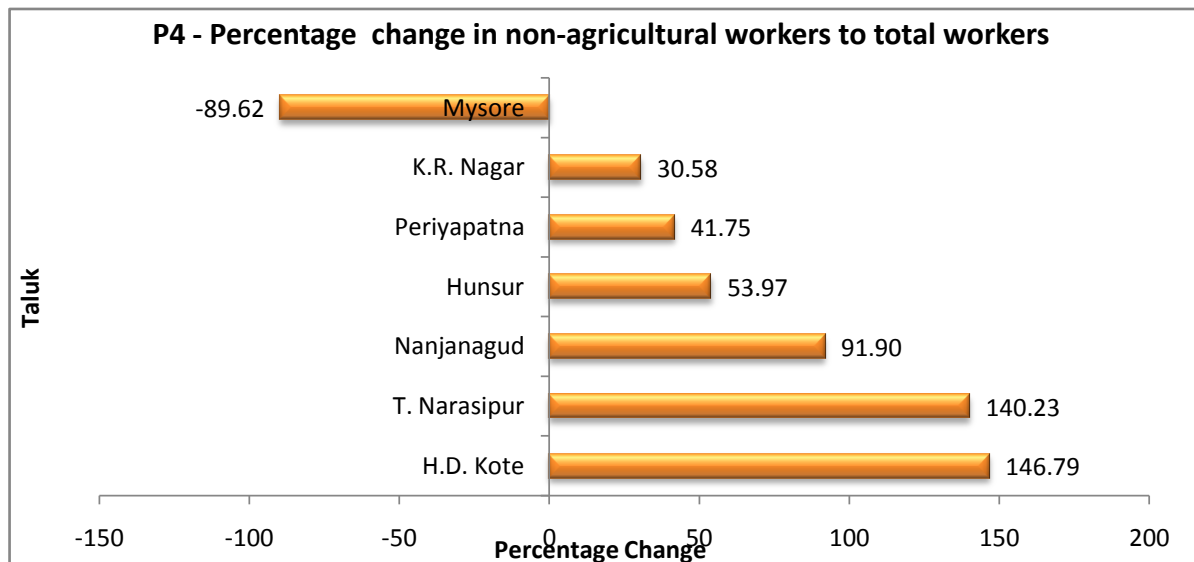
➤ It seems that SC and ST population in the district has increased over a decade.



P4 - Percentage Of Non-Agricultural Workers To Total Workers					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
H.D. Kote	20.73	34.85	0.49	1.21	146.79
T. Narasipur	25.35	41.49	0.60	1.44	140.23
Nanjanagud	29.80	38.96	0.71	1.35	91.90
Hunsur	22.76	23.87	0.54	0.83	53.97
Periyapatna	18.87	18.22	0.45	0.63	41.75
K.R. Nagar	29.30	26.06	0.69	0.91	30.58
Mysore	78.34	5.54	1.86	0.19	-89.62
District	42.33	22.55	1.02	0.78	-22.81

P4: Percentage of Non-Agriculture workers to total workers

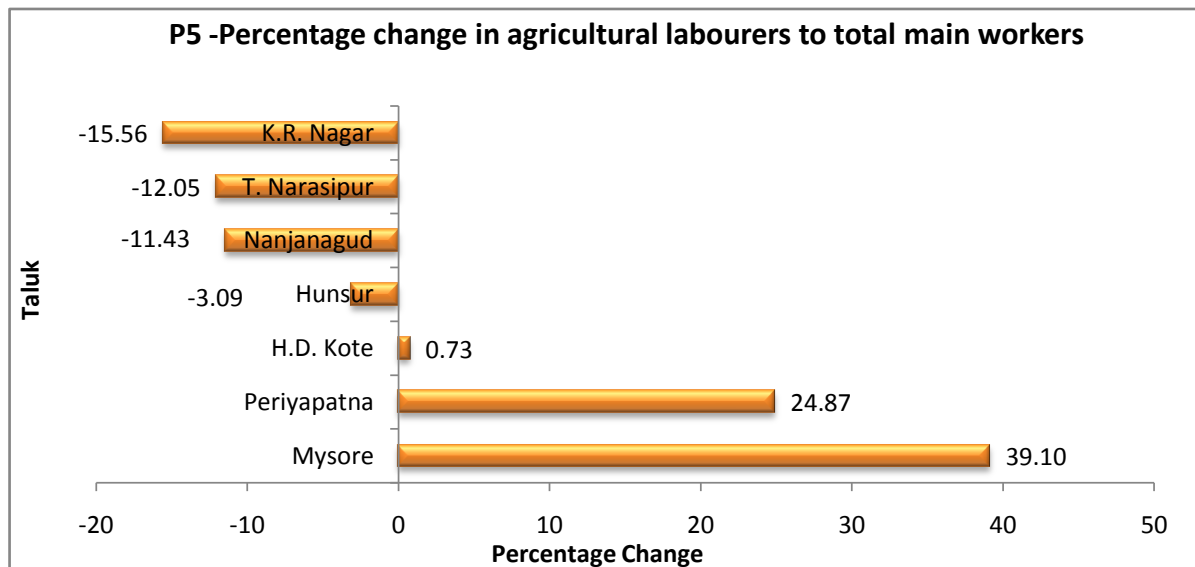
- As per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report, except Mysore none of the taluks were in the developed category
- In index 2009-10 H.D. Kote, T. Narasipura and Nanjangudu were found in the developed category.
- Except Mysore, all taluks have shown positive change from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- The highest and the lowest positive changes are observed in H D Kote (146.79%) and K R Nagar (30.58%) respectively.
- Totally, *Percentage of Non-Agricultural workers to total workers in the district has decreased in the district over a decade.*



P5 -Percentage Of Agricultural Labourers To Total Main Workers					
Taluk	Actual Data		Normalized Indicator		% Change
	1999-00	2009-10	1999-00	2009-10	
Mysore	6.84	6.02	4.23	5.88	39.10
Periyapatna	21.53	21.12	1.34	1.68	24.87
H.D. Kote	34.84	42.37	0.83	0.84	0.73
Hunsur	25.67	32.45	1.13	1.09	-3.09
Nanjanagud	35.44	49.02	0.82	0.72	-11.43
T. Narasipur	39.04	54.37	0.74	0.65	-12.05
K.R. Nagar	22.97	33.32	1.26	1.06	-15.56
District	22.94	27.03	1.26	1.31	3.91

P5: Percentage of Agricultural Laborers to total main workers

- As per Dr. D M Nanjundappa Committee Report and index 2009-10, four out of seven taluks were in the developed category viz., Mysore, Periyapatna and Hunsur and K R Nagar
- Only three out of seven taluks namely Mysore, Periyapatan and Hunsur have shown the positive change from 1999-00 index to 2009-10 index.
- The highest positive and negative changes are observed in Mysore (39.10%) and K R Nagar (15.56%).
- *Percentage of Agricultural Laborers to total main workers* in the district has registered 3.91 per cent improvement over a decade.



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The Centre for Multi-disciplinary Development Research (CMDR) is an autonomous non-profit research organisation located at Dharwad. It was registered in 1980 under the Society's Registration Act. The Indian Council of Social Science Research (ICSSR), New Delhi, an all India apex body of Central Government to promote social science research in the country, recognized CMDR in 1990 as a national level research institute for social science research with regular funding. The Government of Karnataka has also been providing regular maintenance grant to CMDR.

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